ESTABLISHED 1818.

PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,508—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Ports and Daks. Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY 3 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
* EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langbourne.	15th March
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
* VICTORIA	6527	E. Crewe	29th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne.	5th April,
* ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	12th "
M.L. VICTORIA	6527	E. Crewe	19th "
* PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	26th "
M.L. ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd May.
* PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	10th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	17th "
* CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	24th "
M.L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	31st "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1902.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Androvich.	4,139	1st April 1902
IMPERATRIX	V. Gutman	4,212	1st May 1902.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 660.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
S. S. TIROL		2,771	15th March.
*S. S. POSEIDON		3,878	8th April.
S. S. F FRANZ FERDINAND		6,943	16th April

* Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 990. 2nd Class Rs. 536-4. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

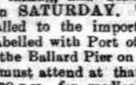
STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
INDIA	E. Klun	2,650	23rd April, 1902.

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 32, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 7th March, 1902.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.



FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY,
OCEANIEN	4,259	Schmitz	10th April 1902.
YARRA	4,255	Negre	8th May, 1902
TONKIN	6,363	Durrande	5th June 1902.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

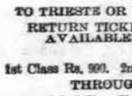
TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "TONKIN," 6,363 tons, Captain Durrande, to sail on or about 2nd April, 1902.

For further particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 37, Esplanade Road, Bombay

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.



BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO.	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th March 1902.
DOD. BALDUINO.	4,580	O. Canepa	15th April. 1902.
V. FLORIO	3,840	A. Dodero	29th April, 1902.

And on the 15th of every subsequent month.

BOMBAY to VENICE calling at ALEXANDRIA and BRINDISI.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on
NILO	2640	Stabile	27th March, 1902.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

SINGLE TICKETS.
1st Class Rs. 605. 2nd Class Rs. 357-8. 3rd Class Rs. 165.
RETURN TICKETS AVAILABLE ONE YEAR.
1st Class Rs. 907-8. 2nd Class Rs. 550.

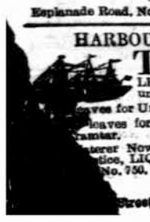
SPECIAL RATES FOR THE STEAMERS NILO AND V. FLORIO.

To GENOA or VENICE Single ..... 1st Class Rs. 560
" " " " ..... 2nd " " 325

Above fares include the Coal primage of ten per cent.
Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.
Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service.
S. S. BORMIDA, Tons 3,500 from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th March, 1902.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 28.

HARBOUR FERRY SERVICE.



THE well-known S.S. "FAIRY QUEEN" 330 Tons Gross, LEAVES MODY BUNDER DAILY, as under:—

...aves for Uran and Ulwa.
...leaves for Maadwa, Karanja, Rewas, Kamarla ...ranstar.
...terer Now on Board. Breakfast and Lunch on ...tice. LIQUORS SUPPLIED.
...No. 750.

VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.
...Street.

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THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on FRIDAY, the 14th March, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 18th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on THURSDAY, the 20th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, IBO, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "NEVASA," 2,998 tons, on or about MONDAY, the 17th March.

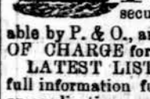
FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,961 tons, on or about 16th March.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 13thMarch, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co, London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

The S.S. VIRAWA, 3,333 Tons, will sail for Singapore and Australia on or about 15th March.

For Freight, Passage or other particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 6th March, 1902.

GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.

BOMBAY—EAST AFRICA.

THE following Vessels will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail
S. S. SAFARI	1,432	Tepe	17th Mar. 1902.

Taking Passengers for ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, and all Southern and Eastern Ports of Africa up to CAPE TOWN and taking Cargo up to Durban (NATAL) only.

For rates and particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
24, Medows Street, Bombay, 7th February, 1902.

INSURANCES.

Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
Funds in Government Securities only, and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

GLARE GLASSES.

WITH the disappearance of the Monsoons and the prospects in the future of Hot and Sunny Days, we beg to remind all, whose Eyes are affected by the glare of the sun, of the necessity of using SUN SPECTACLES. Our neutral tinted Glare stirrup-shaped Spectacle give the greatest comfort in use. They can be obtained in shades of light medium and dark. The lense are ofthe best make, absolutely free from air bubbles and water marks, so common in the cheap Spectacle.

Steel, Rs. 6. Nickel, Rs. 10.
Gold, Rs. 75.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES, GIRGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (Rs. 20), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including 3lbs per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, best in the market. Present Price Rs. 5-8 per CWT. Delivered Free.

Special Mixtures, CRUSHED OATS BEAN etc. supplied.

BRANDIES.

WE would draw special attention to our own brands of these, which are the finest in the Market.

		Special Cash Rates. Rs. a.
TREACHER'S SPECIAL INVALID BRANDY	per doz.	76 0
TREACHER'S EXTRA SPECIAL LIQUEUR BRANDY	per bot.	6 8
000 TREACHER'S FINE OLD PALE COGNAC	per doz.	47 0
00 TREACHER'S OLD PALE COGNAC	"	40 0
0 TREACHER'S PALE COGNAC	"	34 0
CHEAP BRANDY, Bottled in France for Treacher & Co.	"	24 0

COMPLETE LISTS OF ALL DEPARTMENTS ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED.
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

CHAMPAGNES

		Qts.	Pts.
GIESLER'S "For India" Brand	per doz.	Rs. 75 0	Rs. 39 0
HEIDSIECK'S "Dry Monopole	" "	" 73 0	" 39 8
PERRIER JOUET'S Finest Dry	" "	" 68 0	" 35 0
Do. do. Reserve Cuvee	" "	" 72 0	" 38 0
POMMERY & GRENO'S Extra Sec	" "	" 75 0	" 39 8
SPARKLING SAUMUR, Superior	" "	" 38 0	" 20 0

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LTD.

BOMBAY.

Beg to announce that owing to THE INRCEASING DEMAND for their well-known

ARTISTIC FURNITURE

they have added a

NEW SHOW ROOM

to their already extensive premises where a display of the most UP-TO-DATE designs and patterns may now be seen.

A VISIT OF INSPECTION is respectfully invited.

VATCHA BROS.

ROYAL INDIAN, JAMES, RALEIGH, PROGRESS, &c.,
CYCLES, MOTOR-CARS, PHONOGRAPHS, ACCESSORIES, RUBBER TYRES, ELECTRICAL FANS, &c., of latest and best Makes.

The Largest Cycle-Factory in India for building enamelling, nickel-plating, repairing, &c.

573, GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS, BOMBAY.
41, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

19, HORNBY ROAD.

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS FOR PERUSAL IN THE MORNING AND NOON AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION ALSO HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.

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VINCENT AND COMPANY.

WINES SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE.
WELL WORTH A TRIAL.

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. LD., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

LECHARD FILS BORDEAUX SAINT-JULIEN.

THIS WINE is produced solely from grapes grown in the district of Saint-Julien in a vineyard the property of Messrs. LECHARD FILS. This is a guarantee in itself of its purity, and permits the growers to recommend it as a thoroughly SOUND and GENUINE LIGHT WINE.

SOLD BY ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

SECOND-HAND BOOKS FOR SALE.

IN GOOD PRESERVATION.

CLOTH BOUND.

	Rs. a.
The Hosts of the Lordby F. A. Steel	2 0
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Skirmishing Made Easy, by Major B. Witherby.	0 6

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SMOKE LIVIERATO & CO.'S HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

THEY ARE THE CHEAPEST AND THE BEST.

FEW HINTS TO SMOKERS.

FOR the information of the Public, who are misled by blustering advertisements and induced to believe that the CIGARETTES made in Egypt are *THE ONLY GENUINE*, we beg to draw their attention to the following:—Egypt does not produce any Tobacco at all, and the Cigarettes manufactured there are of Turkish Tobacco, the same as our own Cigarettes. There is no difference, therefore, between the Cigarettes made in Egypt and those made in Aden, as both of them are made of the same Turkish Tobacco and by the same Cigarette Makers, with the only difference that purchasers of Cigarettes made in Egypt have to pay nearly double the prices of those made in Aden.

We, therefore, request all Cigarette Smokers to try a box of the Cigarettes made in Aden, and convince themselves of the above facts.

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V. FUCILE & CO.,

BELOW BOMBAY CLUB, BOMBAY.

BEST ELECTRO-PLATED NICKEL SILVER

SPOONS AND FORKS.

WELL BALANCED, WELL FINISHED, HIGH CLASS,
The Best that English Manufacture Can Produce,
WILL LAST A LIFE-TIME.

BEST QUALITY.		FIDDLE. Rs. a.	SPEAR. Rs. a.	KING'S. Rs. a.
TEA SPOONS	Per Doz.	11 12	16 8	22 0
DESSERT SPOONS	" "	22 0	30 0	37 0
TABLE SPOONS	" "	28 0	42 8	50 0
DESSERT FORKS	" "	22 0	30 0	37 0
TABLE FORKS	" "	28 0	42 8	50 0
SECOND QUALITY.				
TEA SPOONS	Per Doz.	10 0	15 12	18 14
DESSERT SPOONS	" "	19 0	25 4	33 12
TABLE SPOONS	" "	25 8	38 8	46 4
DESSERT FORKS	" "	19 0	25 4	33 12
TABLE FORKS	" "	25 8	38 8	46 4

TABLE CUTLERY

BEST ENGLISH MADE

DOUBLE SHEAR STEEL HAND FORGED BLADES.

HANDLES.		BONE. Rs. a.	XYLONITE. Rs. a.	IVORY. Rs. a.
DESSERT KNIVES	Per Doz.	14 12	15 12	29 12
TABLE KNIVES	" "	15 8	19 8	42 0
MEAT CARVERS	Pair	7 8	8 0	15 0
STEEL	Each	2 4	2 8	5 8

For Price List of Electroplate and Silver Ware please apply to

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TRY OUR BOUQUETS AND LIGHT OF ASIA CIGARS.

THEY BEAT THE "BEST."

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GORGONZOLA, PARMESAM AND GRUYERE CHEESE.

German Sausages assorted in Tins. Sourcroute in Glass Jars and Tins.
Milan Sausages in skin and Mortadella.
Cepes S. Anne French real, Asparagus, Celery, Truffles, Mushrooms dry and in Vinegar.
PATE DE FOI GRAS. Petits Pois Ex-Fin.
Fresh Anchovies salted loose, and in bottles in Oil, Tonno Fish, Ventresca, Royans a la Bordalaise.
Italian and German mixed Pickles, French and Italian Olives, Olive Farcies, Black Olives loose in Oil.
SALAD OIL Finest Lucca. Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.
Liqueurs, Cremes and Italian Wines assorted.
Macaroni assorted, Vermicelli, Italian Paste assorted, Dry Peas, Milanese Gram, Carolina Rice, White Beans, large and small.
Fresh Walnuts, Hazelnuts and Almonds, Goa Mango preserved, and best Syrup in bottles assorted.
Messrs. KERSHAW & Co's best CEYLON TEA.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET, a thoroughly Genuine article. Only Rs. 10 per doz. qts.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

OWING TO THE ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF
Mr. JOHN GUNN'S
LONDON GAIETY COMPANY,
He has decided to extend his Season, and will
BY ARRANGEMENT WITH
MR. GEORGE EDWARDS
PRODUCE THE FOLLOWING MUSICAL COMEDIES :—

TO-NIGHT,
FRIDAY, 14TH MARCH,
"TOREADOR."
SATURDAY, 15TH MARCH,
"GAIETY GIRL"
MONDAY, 17TH MARCH.
"RUNAWAY GIRL." Last time.
TUESDAY, 18TH MARCH.
"CIRCUS GIRL." Last time.
WEDNESDAY, 19TH MARCH.
"GAY PARISIENNE." Last time.
THURSDAY, 20TH MARCH.
BENEFIT OF MR. JOHN GUNN.
A Special Bill for this occasion, particulars of which will be duly announced.
FRIDAY, 21ST MARCH.
"SAN TOY." Last time.
SATURDAY, 22ND MARCH.
"TOREADOR." Last time.
MONDAY, 24TH MARCH.
COMPLEMENTARY BENEFIT TO MESSRS. C. & W. BOVIS.
A Special Bill, particulars in due course.

TO COMMENCE EACH EVENING AT 9 O'CLOCK.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—
Stalls Rs. 6 ; Pit Chairs Rs. 2.
Dress Circle 1s. 4 & 3 ; Gallery Re. 1.
PLAN & TICKETS AT SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

A LATE TRAIN timed to leave COLABA at 0-25 Railway time, for all Stations up to Andheri, will run 15 minutes later, until further notice, for the convenience of Passengers visiting the Novelty Theatre.

WE have, THIS DAY, OPENED a BRANCH of our Calcutta business at the undermentioned address :—
SHAW WALLACE & Co.,
"Times of India" Buildings, Bombay.

ROYAL ALFRED SAILORS' HOME SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held in the LIBRARY of the Home, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 5-30 P.M.
Subscribers and all interested in the welfare of Seamen and the Society are invited to attend,
F. E. HARDCASTLE,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that NAGINDAS RANCHORDAS has contracted to SELL the undermentioned property to our client.
All persons having any claim thereto by way of inheritance, sale, lease, mortgage, charge, gift or otherwise howsoever are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No 57 Esplanade Road Fort, within 14 days from this day, otherwise the sale in question will be completed without reference to such claims, if there be any, and such claims shall be considered to have been waived.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing and being thereon, situate at and fronting on the West side of the public passage or lane leading to Coombhar, Tookda Oart, Bombay, in the Registration Sub District Bombay and containing by admeasurement 350 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows : that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Ganpat Harichand, on or towards the East by the property formerly belonging to Tara Naikini but now to Morarbhai Vijbhoocandas on or towards the South by the property formerly belonging to Bhasker Vishwanath but now belonging to a Maharaj, and on or towards the West by the said Coombhar Tookda Street, which said piece of land is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 451 and New No. 2372, Old Survey No 30 , New Survey No. 449 and which said messuage or tenement or dwelling house thereon is assessed by the Municipality under Old No, 23, Ward C Nos 5554 to 5556 and Street Nos 23 and 24—Dated this 13th day of March 1902.

EDGELOW, GULABCHAND & WADIA.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of AMRATRAO MOROBA SINDHE, late of Bombay, Hindu inhabitant deceased, living on the income of the property to benefit and for the use and benefit of SAKARAM and MADHAVRAO, the minor sons of the said deceased, limited to the period of their minority.
RAJUBAI widow of AMRATRAO MOROBA SINDHE, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, residing at No. 95—1-2, Dongri Street, outside the Fort of Bombay, the widow of the deceased abovenamed.....Petitioner.
ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness SIR LAWRENCE H. JENKINS, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, the seventh day February in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Two and in the Second year of our Reign.
L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.
(be Seal of the High Court of Bombay.)
W. LANE,
The 7th day of February, 1902.
Messrs. MULLA AND MULLA,
Petitioner's Attorneys

THOS. COOK AND SON,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed.
LOANS and OVERDRAFTS granted against approved security.
DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.
STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold. INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected.
LIFE, FIRE, and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and PREMIUMS paid.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, COLOMBO.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £3,75,000
HEAD OFFICE ;
27 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Karrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa.
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.
The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

(Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.)

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

FACSIMILE CORONATION SPOON used at the anointing. In Half-marked Sterling Silver gilt, Rs. 10 each. Orders are now being registered by MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay, where a Specimen Spoon can be seen.

TAYLOR'S BLOOD PURIFIER cleanses, sweetens and stimulates to a healthy condition, impure contaminated or impoverished blood, whether acquired or constitutional. Per bottle Rs. 1-4. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU ONE SINGER'S MACHINE which can turn out Embroidery, Art Work, Hemming, Trimming, Cording, Binding, Quilting, &c., &c., and sew from thinnest cloth up to leather and is the cheapest Machine, looking to the quality.

LOST, at Fancy Fete on Monday, 10 Inst, a BROOCH, Five Blue Moonstones, set in Silver in one row with Brilliants round each stone. The finder will be well rewarded, if he or she returns it to MR. F. H. De BRITO, High Court, Bombay.

THE KING'S CORONATION—Intending Passengers should call and inspect our Stock of TRAVELLING REQUISITES before purchasing elsewhere, Best Goods at lowest prices.—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, (Opposite John Roberts & Co.,) Bombay.

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH is a Lasting Joy. An Indifferent Photograph for the sake of Cheapness is FALSE ECONOMY. For a Really GOOD LIKENESS go to RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS.

VISITING CARDS, Door Plates, Peon Badges, Crests, &c., &c., engraved on Brass in the best English Style. Compare workmanship and price. MASANI & Co., General Engravers and Printers, 43, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electro Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, at REDUCED RATES till Saturday next, when SALE CLOSES. Prices from Rs. 1-8. Inspection invited—SUTOR & Co.,(Retail Agents,) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road (Opposite John Roberts & Co.), Bombay.

TO BE LET, for the Season, at Bandora Hill, large FURNISHED BUNGALOW, large Garden and Stables. Apply to Mr. DE BRITO, High Court,

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TO BE LET.—For the cold weather season, "ROZARIO COTTAGE," a furnished BUNGALOW at Matheran. Also TO LET, a BUNGALOW at Malabar Hill, Narayen Daboiker Road, near the Sea-Shore. Apply to JAFFERBHAI MOOKHI CASSAMBHAI, Manager, H. H. the AGA KHAN'S Estate, Comer Kari, Jail Road, Bombay.

SWIFT CYCLES.—The Spring Frame Swift is a most luxurious model, suitable for all who suffer from the effects of Vibration. A wide range of patterns to choose from.—W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay

---

HOLDALLS SPECIAL-GREEN WATERPROOF CANVAS HOLDALLS, specially made for conveyance by Mule Transport for Officers proceeding to the Front ; or for Camp Use. In two sizes. Very large 7 ft. 6 in. long by 3 ft. wide, Rs. 24, and large size 6 ft. 6 in. long by 3 ft. wide, Rs. 22-8.—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents). THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT and EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road. (Opposite John Roberts and Co.) Bombay.

WANTED AN ASSISTANT PRINTER.—The services of an experienced Assistant Printer are required for a local English daily paper. Only those who have acted in that capacity before on English Papers need apply. Applications with copies of testimonials to be addressed to "156 M," Advt. Dept., care of "Bombay Gazette."

WE ARE SELLING LADIES' BOOTS and SHOES at still further reduced prices till Saturday next, when SALE CLOSES. A Special Line, Ladies Tan Lace or Button Shoes reduced to Rs. 3-8 ; Blackor Tan Lace Boots from Rs. 3-10.—SUTOR & Co., (Retail Agents), THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, (Opposite John Roberts & Co.,)Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronised by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy), as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Chinese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices who work by assumed names.

THE only firm which REPAIRS Celestinas, Aristons, Phœnix, Music boxes, etc., and keep in stock spare Repairing and Tuning Materials.—STEFFGNAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

TILL SATURDAY NEXT.—Still further REDUCTION in Gent's BOOTS and SHOES till Saturday next, when SALE CLOSES. Gent's Oxford Shoes from Rs. 2-14, Boots from Rs. 3-4.—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents,) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT, & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road , (Opposite John Roberts & Co.) Bombay.

GLORIA CYCLES.—Model Riche fitted with ball bearing free wheel and Bowden Triumph pattern brake, a perfect mount. The GLORIA, with latest improvements, price Rs. 220 nett cash. Accessories included. Sole Agents, W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane.

M. BRESLAUER & Co. have FOR SALE several thousand real ENGRAVINGS at one Rupee each. Do not miss this opportunity and have a look at them.

DEVOE'S IMPERIAL BRILLIANT OIL.—A FINE GRADE OF AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, 125° Fire Test. Imported by STANDARD OIL CO. of New York. Sold at their Godown, Mazagaon, at Rs. 3-8-2 per case.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Carrimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-3-2 per case, at Bombay ; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-2 per case, at Bandora.

E. DUCKETT and Co., of East Street, Poona, the Principal Monumental Sculptors of the Deccan are prepared to submit estimates for Monuments and Mural tablets of all descriptions and designs. They forward splendid Photographic Catalogues to choose from, and being practical masons themselves, guarantee work to be executed in the best style. Monuments, costing from Rs. 15 to Rs. 1,500 have been executed, satisfactorily. Their latest work, was the "erection" of a most imposing Figure to the late Hon. Mr. J. Nugent, C. S. I. I. C. S.—PRICES LOW AND WORK GOOD.

A GOOD IMPRESSION.—Our Boots and Shoes always leave a good impression not only in appearance and wear but also in prices. Upwards of 3,000 pairs now on view to select from SUTOR & Co., (Retail Agents), THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT AND EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, (Opposite John Roberts and Co.), Bombay.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, by DIMITRINO and Co. of Cairo, known for their exquisite flavour and fine aroma from Rs. 3-4 to 4-8 per 100. Fresh consignments by every alternate Mail Steamer D. MERWAN & Co., Cigar Merchants, 30, Medows Street, Bombay.

MARZA WINE.—The New Brain and Nerve food to restore the vital forces. Contains Iron, Phosphorus, Coca, Pepsine, Rs. 3-4 Per bottle.—Sole Agents, THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

TO STAMP COLLECTORS.—OLD ENGLISH STAMPS of various kinds, either in lot or separately. Fivepenny, Sixpenny, Eightpenny, Ninepenny. One shilling. What offers? Apply "STAMPS," care of this paper.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

RATES.—One Anna per line. Minimum charge Four Anna

ADVERTISER, a smart young man from Madras, speaking fluently EIGHT DIFFERENT VERNACULAR LANGUAGES, seeks ENGAGEMENT as a CLERK or a TRAVELLING COMPANION, or an Interpreter. Is also a good horseman and is willing to act in any capacity. Possesses good references and testimonials. Apply for particulars to Box No. "67 F." Advt. Dept. "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, by an experienced EUROPEAN LADY, SITUATION as Travelling Companion or to teach young Children in a Native Nobleman's family. Apply to "HONOUR" Box No. 161, Advt. Dept. "The Bombay Gazette."

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF

THE EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

HEAD OFFICE : 11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

THE PREMIUMS

Are so moderate that, at usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured, from the first, for the yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to
AN IMMEDIATE AND CERTAIN BONUS OF 20 TO 25 PER CENT.

ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000.						Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000.						Age next Birthday
	Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to					Payable at death, or in						
		10 years.		15 years.		20 years.	15 years.		20 years.		25 years.		
	Rs. a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	Rs. a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	
20	21 10	48	8	36	6	30 7	64	5	47	6	37	11	20
21	22 1	49	4	36	14	30 15	64	6	47	8	37	13	21
22	22 9	50	0	37	7	31 7	64	8	47	10	37	15	22
23	23 1	50	12	38	0	31 15	64	9	47	12	38	1	23
24	23 9	51	8	38	10	32 7	64	11	47	14	38	4	24
25	24 2	52	5	39	4	33 0	64	13	48	0	38	7	25
26	24 11	53	2	39	15	33 9	64	15	48	3	38	10	26
27	25 5	54	0	40	10	34 2	65	1	48	6	38	14	27
28	25 15	54	14	41	5	34 12	65	4	48	9	39	2	28
29	26 9	55	13	42	1	35 6	65	7	48	12	39	6	29
30	27 4	56	13	42	13	36 0	65	10	49	0	39	11	30
31	27 15	57	13	43	10	36 11	65	13	49	4	40	0	31
32	28 11	58	14	44	7	37 6	66	0	49	8	40	6	32
33	29 8	59	15	45	4	38 2	66	4	49	13	40	12	33
34	30 6	61	1	46	2	38 15	66	8	50	2	41	3	34
35	31 5	62	4	47	1	39 12	66	13	50	8	41	10	35
36	32 5	63	8	48	0	40 10	67	2	50	14	42	2	36
37	33 5	64	12	49	0	41 9	67	8	51	5	42	11	37
38	34 6	66	1	50	1	42 8	67	14	51	13	43	5	38
39	35 8	67	6	51	3	43 8	68	4	52	5	43	15	39
40	36 11	68	12	52	5	44 9	68	11	52	14	44	10	40
41	38 0	70	3	53	8	45 11	69	3	53	8	45	6	41
42	39 6	71	11	54	12	46 14	69	12	54	3	46	4	42
43	40 13	73	4	56	1	48 2	70	6	55	0	47	3	43
44	42 5	74	13	57	6	49 7	71	0	55	14	48	4	44
45	43 14	76	7	58	12	50 13	71	11	56	13	49	6	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. This Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.
OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.
OR, if preferring to make provision for his old age or for his family in case of death, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 payable at age 55 or death by yearly payments of Rs. 39-11.

TO PROFESSIONAL MEN AND OTHERS

Whose income is dependent upon health, the Limited Payment System or Endowments Assurance is specially recommended.

E. F. ALLUM, General Manager.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR MARCH, 1902.
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This GUIDE, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good Medium for Advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Offices, 18, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£562,500
HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS :
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank,
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONG KONG and SHANGHAI.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.
JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund .....$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund .....$ 42,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .....$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :
SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.,
LONDON COMMITTEE.
Wm. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co,
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K.C.M.G. } Managers.
JOHN WALTER
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 ; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Circular Notes and Approved Securities, and Gold Deposits received for Safe Custody.
Bills on London and the chief Commercial Places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
W. B. THOMSON,
Agent.
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... .. 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND 8,710,000
HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong, Tientsin and Newchang.
BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK
The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE
PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY BRANCH.
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
Y. MATSUO,
Manager.
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES :
Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.
Sub-Branches :—Murree—(April 1to October) and Amritsar.
CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.
RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER :
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—
9to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ " "
Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS, which can be learnt on application.
Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.
Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above interest Deposit Accounts
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened with sums of Rs. 50, and upwards and receive 2 PER CENT. per annum upon the daily balances.
Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.
W. MOIR,
Manager.
Bombay, 1st February, 1902.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Stone in the Bowels. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 9d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors :—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

BANKS.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.
CAPITAL.
Subscribed.....Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... „ 13,00,000
Uncalled Capital ..... „ 5,00,000
DIRECTORS.
MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.
CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.
FIXED DEPOSITS received as the following rates of interest :—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years	5½
„ 1 Year	5
„ 6 Months	4½
„ 3 Months	4

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.
The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.
Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.
For further information apply to—
D. KING,
Agent.
Calcutta, 16th July 1901.
LONDON BRANCH :
19, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET, E.C.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THE SALE of 72 Bales Yarn advertised to take place TO-DAY, is POSTPONED until further intimation.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 2 p.m Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the corner of Church Gate Street, Fort, and opposite the Flora Fountain, the following consisting of glass chandeliers, Lyra lamps, globe lamps, mechanical singing canaries in cage, bentwood tapesty couch and chairs Japanese pannels, best American platedware, rich majolica ware, consisting of jardiniers, pots, figures, busts flower pots and baskets, nickel framed glass show case binocular opera glasses, wall and table clocks, sliding lamps, bronze table lamps, wall brackets rolled gold pocket watches, etc.
The above is now on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the executor of the estate of the late Mrs. Robert Donaldson, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Mahim Fort, Mahim, near the Customs, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m., blackwood and teakwood household furniture, glassware and crockery, mahogany cottage piano by Soundy, table ornaments, lamps, pictures, flower pots, etc.
The property is on view.

On SUNDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pali Hill, Bandora, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, rich crockery and glassware, plateware, sweet-toned cottage piano by Soundy, Persian carpets, China flower vases and wall plates, Japanese cabinets, cane furniture, books, detective hand camera, ice box, wearing apparel, leather dressing case, leather portmanteau and trunks, Chubb's cash box, gent's English saddle, lamps, lady's bicycle, choice plants in pots, etc. the property of the late W. G. NASH Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 2 P.M., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—
Household furniture such as sofas, chairs, almiras, cupboards, chest of drawers, wardrobes, meatsafe, dressing and washhand tables.
1 ebonized Grand Cottage piano by Rose and Co.
An invoice of rich majolica ware, consisting of flower vases, flower holders, centre pieces, flower pots.
4 cases of German Bureau time-pieces.
7 stuffed tiger skins.
On account of the concerned—
Ex s s Aston Hall—

G K & C					
2	1-2—1	case	50	pieces	Leno stripes 22 in.
3	3 —1	„	50	„	„ „ „
4	4 —1	„	50	„	„ „ „
5	5 —1	„	50	„	„ „ „
6	6 —1	„	50	„	„ „ „

Ex s s City of Edinburgh.

6	10—1	case	53	pieces	Leno stripes 22 in.
5	9—1	„	50	„	„ „ „
4	8—1	„	53	„	„ „ „
3	7—1	„	50	„	„ „ „

Ex s s Hispania

41	33-34—1	case	24	pieces	metal printed Italians 48 in.
21	41-43—3	„	72	„	„ „ „ „ „
21	44-45—2	„	48	„	„ „ „ „ „

Ex s s Ettrickdale.

21	5 4-55—2	cases	48	pieces	metal printed Italian 48 in.

AT 2 P. M.
Several ladies' and gent's bicycles.
1 handsome English rubber tyre Victoria by Fredrick Selby and Co, London.
1 cabriolette by John Carr and Co.
1 second-hand office, shigram.
1 light vis-a-vis.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF LAW BOOKS.

On MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 3-30 P.M., Messrs CRAWFORD, & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a number of Text Books, Digests and Acts etc. belonging to the High Court Law Library.
The Law Books will be on view three days before the sale.
Private offers will be received by the Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co.are instructed to sell by public auction at Middle Colaba, behind the Post Office, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood new designed household furniture, best plateware, rich crockery and glassware, sweet toned square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne in good order, large size hall cabinets, almiras, dressing and wash hand tables with crockery, side boards, dumb waiters, single and double bedsteads, Indian and Persian carpets, Hink's and Lamb's lamps, stove, Singapore cane furniture &c. the property of F. G. FOTIADES Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT PEERBHOY DHARAMSEY STREET.

On TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the administrators of the estate of the deceased mortgagees Ananda Sawa, Sooja Natha, Oomed Harjee, and Nagjee Walls, who were trading in the name of Ananda Sawa and Co , and on account and at the risk of the surviving mortgagors Ebramjee Moosaje and also on account and at the risk of the legal heirs and representatives of the deceased mortgagor Moosajee (alias Moosabhoy) Tyeb

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 1 p.m, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Victoria 3rd Cross Lane, Byculla, the valuable and handsome bibkowool and teakwood plain and carved, French polished household furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich glass and crockeryware, one double-barrelled C. F. & L. Gun by Reilly, London, one sweet-toned harmonium by S Rose & Co; one Willcox Hibbs pattern sewing machine, cast large size cooking stove, Berkfield filter, China and Japanese flower vases, table ornaments, Hitchcock's and other table lamps, a large assortment of pictures, also a collection of chicloes and rare plants in tubs and pots consisting of palms, crotons (60 varieties) and very fine hanging baskets of barts-tong and other ferns, &c., &c., the property of F. J. CLARK, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p.m, Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, etc.

By order of Mr. W. Williams, and on account and risk of Mr D O Pereira, piano tuner,

1 iron framed grand cottage piano by Soundy and Co.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong vis-a-vis in very good order,
1 second-hand strong rubber tyred office Shigram,
1 second-hand English-built victoria in good order,
1 pair black C. B, horses, 14-2, 7 years, quiet in harness,
1 grey Arab, 14-1 hand, quiet in harness and saddle,
1 grey Arab mare, broken to single harness and saddle, the property of a gentleman proceeding to Europe.

By order of the executor of the late Mr Pilcher—

1 second-hand strong brougham with a bay waler gelding and harness complete,
1 second-hand strong landau with a bay waler mare and harness complete,

AUCTION SALE OF WASTE.

On SUNDAY, the 16th inst, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the office of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. Rampart Row, Fort, various descriptions of waste for the year 1902, of Jacob Sassoon Mill, E. D. Sassoon Mill and Alexandra Mill.

Intending buyers should inspect the waste at the respective Mills.

A deposit of 15 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instruction from the Executors of the late Mr. G. E. Pilcher, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., sell by Public Auction at Victoria Road, Byculla, the very valuable and handsome plain and carved French polished household furniture, glass and porcelain ware, plated ware, China and Japanese flower vases, hanging and table lamps, table ornaments, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and property will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GARDEN,

On MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 7 a.m. Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots consisting of roses, palms, anthuriums, begonias, crotons, lilies, gold fems, orchids various ferns, etc., etc., the property of P. BENN, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs BENNETT & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Sassoon House, Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved French polished household furniture of the latest design made to order by Winridge and Roberts, cut plate and ware, rich glass and crockery ware, rich paintings and engravings rich Persian and English carpets, Singapore and English cane furniture, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, Hing's and Dixmar's messenger, table, hall, and hanging lamps, collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, hanging baskets of ferns, a lot of garden tiles, etc, etc., the property of WALTER LANG Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view five days before the sale,

BONA-FIDE SALE,

On SATURDAY, the 22th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, the very valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved French polished household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome walnut wool, semi grand cottage piano by "Bluthner" in very good order, first rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, Dixmar's table and hanging kerosine lamps, etc., etc., the property of P. BENN, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 14th March, 1902.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 33, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF HESSIANS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m, Messrs MENESSE & Co, will sell by Public Auction, at Carmac Bunder, in Ahmedabad Street, in the godown of Messrs' Visram Ebrahim & Co. and by their order, the undermentioned goods on account of the following parties:—

On account and at the risk of Mungaldas Gooculdas—
73 Bales Hessians, Hasting Mill, 45 by 12.

AUCTION SALE OF THE MILL BELONGING TO THE MAHALAKSHMI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Ltd., situated at Wari Bunder, opposite the Prince's Dock, near the Elphinstone Bridge.

Under instructions from the Trustees for Debenture-holders of the Mahalakshmi Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the Mill premises at Wari Bunder, opposite the Prince's Dock, near the Elphinstone Bridge, on SATURDAY, the 15th instant at 3 p.m. in one lot.

All the leasehold lands, together with the buildings standing thereon and all the machinery, such as boilers, engines, spindles, machinery tools, &c., &c., and other appliances.

For full particulars and conditions of sale, apply at the office of the Trustees of the Debenture-holders, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 14th March 1902.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on MONDAY, the 17th March, 1902, at 11 a.m., the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter-houses, Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1902, to 31st March, 1903, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Boat Market, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Foras Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Market, Pudder Road Fish Market, Mazagon and Esplanade Road Fish Market, Parel, from fresh and salt fish-sellers, &c., who sit on the floor or other places not numbered, either in line of outside, under the eaves of the markets, and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford markets, for 12 months, from 1st April 1902, to 31st March 1903.

For particulars and conditions of these sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the Undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 14th March, 1902.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF 20 CASES NOTE PAPERS AND ENVELOPES.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJI and Co. will on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of March, 1902, sell by Public Auction at 2 p.m., the following:—

On account and risk of the London consignors.

10 cases 5893 packets each 120 sheets, grey garnite or Sibe rian note papers, half tola postage.

10 cases 476350 square envelope to match the above.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th March, 1902.

HOM. POOR DISPENSARY,
P. O. KANKANADY, MANGALORE, S. C.

Mother Tinctures, powders and high dilutions Schussler's Tissue Remedies, all at 2 as. per dram. Externals, pills and low dilutions, at 1½ as. per dram.

	Rs.	a.	p.
A box of the 30 principal medicines... ...	2	12	0
In 1 dram phials	3	4	0
In 2 dram phials	6	0	0
Manual of Homœpathy	3	4	0
Domestic Indicator, by Dr. W. Schwabe ...	0	8	0
Homœpathic Guide, by Dr. Laylies... ...	0	8	0
Biochemic Guide, by Dr. Laylies	0	8	0
Biochemistry, by J. B. Chapman, M. D. ...	4	0	0

THE SOLERI-BELLOTI SPECIFICS.

AT 4 ANNAS PER TUBE.

A box of the 33 Specifics	7	0	
A small trial box of the 16 principal remedies	2	8	0
Guide for the same	0	0	

N.B.—All the profits go to the Leper Asylum Hospital, and the Poor House.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

NOTES,
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY
BY
TODARMAR,
Price, Re 1, Postage, half-anna;
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Cur Rate
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	12 p. c.	1,235
Bank of Bengal	40,000	80	all	10 pr. ct.	1,210
Bank of Madras	10,000	400	all	8 pr. ct.	1,015
Commercial Bank of India.	10,000 / 15,000	100	100 / 75	nil	45
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Charter Bank	40,000	420	420	10 pr. ct.	£37 s. 10
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	dol. 125	all	£1-10-0	£21 1-2
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	2 dvd 10 pr	325
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
				Half yearly.	
Alliance	£1,500	£1,100	all		125
Anglo-Indian	1,315	—	0	Nil	11
Berar Manfg Co., Ld.	1,750	500	200	Nil	127½
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co.	90	500	500	2 dvd Rs30	435
Britannia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	200
Central India	1,000	500	500	Rs 75	1,505
China Mills Co. Ld.	80	1,000	1,000	10	470
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	520
Connaught Mills	1500	500	500	75	490
Colaba Land & Mills	24,000	700	—	nil	405
Coorla Mills	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	450
Currimbhoy Mills	80	1,000	1,000	Nil	555
David Mill	24,400	500	500	Nil	260
Empress	2,100	500	500	Nil	175
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	370
Hindustan	875	21,000	1,000	2 Nil	575
Hingunghat Mills	700	500	500	40	870
Howard and Bellooghs	1,500	500	500	35	350
Hydershad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,000
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	2 Nil.	165
Indian Manfg. Co. Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	280
Indo-China Manufacturing Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Nil	260
James Greaves	11,100	500	500	Nil	267
Jamsetjee Manufacturing Co	1,500	250	250	dvd 8	100
Jeevraj Balloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	no dvd	250
Jubilee Mill Co., Ld.	25,125	1,000	1,000	Nil	275
Khandesh	7,500	1,500	1,000	dvd Rs45	625
Kasturbhoy Manekjee Petit Manufacturing	4,000	10,000	1,000	dvd 40	1620
Mahomed Esoof	25,000	250	—	Nil	10
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 45	1,280
Mysore S & M Co., Ld	10,000	250	250	Nil	90
New Prince	10,400	1,000	1,000	Nil	90
Eastern Presidency Mills Co. (Ld.)	742	1,000	1,000	Nil	525
Queen Mills	1800	1,000	1,000	Nil	485
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	570
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	Nil	555
Shahapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs50	1,060
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil	160
Southern India	1,000	500	500	2 Nil	20
Southern Maharatta	1,312	250	250	1 Nil	170
Sun Mills, Ld.	21,300	250	250	Nil	75
Standard Mill Co.	14,000	500	—	Nil	195
Swadeshi Mills	1,000	500	5 10	dvd Rs15	95
Tansoon and Allisaoo	8,000	500	—	Nil	370
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	500	1,000	1,000	Nil	
Union Mills Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	104
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil	260
PRESS COMPANIES.				Yearly.	
Akbar	1200	1,000	1,250	125	1,270
Albert (Kurrachee)	100	500	all	18 or —	550
Bellary	260	1,100	1,100	Rs. 80	600
Bhownugger City Press Manfg. Co. Ld	167	1,000	1,000	1 v Rs 25	190
Bombay Cotton Press Co., Ld	550	250	250	25	275
Brodise Cawnpore Press Co., Ld	1,000	125	125	Nil.	58½
Broach City Press Co., Ld	500	200	200	dvd R25	197½
Colaba	600	200	200	Nil	175
East India	800	1,880	1,880	dvd Rs 15	320
English Press and Manfg	350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 125	1,375
Fort	400	201	—	dvd Rs 9	60
French	150	8,300	500	dvd Rs20	750
Harvey and Sahapathy	300	500	500	dvd Rs50	450
Hingoli Press Co., Ld	450	450	500	dvd Rs80	470
Khanggum	750	100	100	Rs 30	150
Morcantile	240	499	499	dvd Rs 80	495
Mutassil Co	125	500	500	dvd Rs 5	30
Munmar M	400	250	400	dvd Rs50	415
New Berar	100	500	all	dvd Rs50	105
New Indian	50	500	500	dvd Rs50	635
Prince of Wales Press	60	125	125	dv Rs 10	1224
Abapathy (Bellary)	10	200	90	dvd Rs30	280
Sassoon	800	500	70	30	42
Sind and Punjab Co.	300	500	500	20	350
Surat City Press Co., Ld	100	1,000	1,000	70	1630
Surat	1400	2,000	750	2	260
Mart	37	200	all	Rs 75	145
	—	00	—		170
RAILWAY COMPANIES.					
G. I. P. Consolidated Stock	—	9100	—	—	—
B. B. & C. I. R. Co. New 212 Shares	—	410	—	—	—
Ahmedabad Prantej Ry.	500	90	—	6 pr. ct.	550xd
Tapti Valley Ry. Co.	600	800	—	4 pr. ct.	420
MISCELLANEOUS.				Half yearly	
Alcock Ashdown	1,750	100	—	100 dv Rs10	210
Back Bay	500	50	—	50 12	40
Badham, Pile	5,000	100	—	100 12 pr ct	124
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	—	500 dvd 460	6650
Do. New Issue	500	375	—	625 dvd 112½	1,710
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	11,250	90	—	100 6 pr. ct.	53
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	—	500 5 pr ct	
Bombay Flour Mill	900	500	—	500 25	725
Deccan Paper Mills	1,200	500	—	500 Nil	330
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	500	200	—	200 dvd Rs 8	130
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	12,000	250	—	250 8 p 16	540
Empire of India Life Ass. Co., Ld	292	500	—	50 —	50
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn.	15,000	90	—	10 10 pr. ct.	17
John Roberg & Co	1,500	100	—	100 10 pr. ct.	125
Kamp & Co.	4,000	200	—	175 21	285
Kurrachee Landing	1500	500	—	500 0	35
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	—	100 dvd Rs10	138
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	—	1 8 pr. ct.	35
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	—	0 —	60
Oriental Govt Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	—	9 12 pr. ct.	123
Phillips & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	—	50 Nil	24
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	—	100 dvd Rs16	427½
Soundy & Co	1,000	100	—	1,000 dvd Rs 8	20xd
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	—	dvd Rs 40	750
Thacker & Co.	1,600	100	—	dvd Rs 80	165
Telephone Co.	1,300	251	—	1	37½

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffi Earnings for week ending 22nd February, 1902:—

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 22nd Feb. 1902—				
G I P R system	1,92,035	9,97,696	9,794	11,99,526
I M R do	61,038	1,82,527	3,658	2,47,223
Total	2,53,064	11,80,223	13,462	14,46,749
Actuals for corresponding week ending 23rd Feb, 1901—				
G I P R system	2,72,121	7,37,304	2,516	9,42,941
I M R do	69,502	1,81,814	7,439	2,58,755
Total	2,71,623	9,19,118	10,955	12,01,698
Increase or Decrease—	G I P R —10,088	+2,60,307	+6,276	+2,96,565
	I M R —8,474	+ 731	—3,771	— 11,532

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, MARCH 12.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... £94 1-8 = unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes ..... £101 1-2 = ,,
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan ..... £108 = ,,
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities ..... £94 1-2 = ,,
Bar Silver in London ..... 25 1-8 = ,,
Do New York ..... 54 1-2 = ,,
Exchange on London at Paris, 25·15 = ,,
Do New York ..... 4·87 1-2 = ,,
Discount, Bank of England, 3 per cent. = ,,
,, Short London Bills 2 5-8 ,, = ,,
,, Indian Bank Bills 2 5-8 ,, = ,,

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills for Rs 80,00,000,

Rs. 34·70 were allotted to Calcutta.
,, 20·00 do. Bombay.
,, 1·30 do. Madras.

Rs. 62·30 at 1s. 4d.

Minimum rate received 24 per cent. Average rate 16·00.

Telegraphic Transfers—

Rs. 4·30 were allotted to Calcutta.
,, 6·00 do. Bombay.
,, 6·70 do. Madras.

17·50 at 1s. 4 1-16d.

Minimum rate received 24 per cent. Average rate 16·05.

Total amount sold during week, Rs. 83,90,000.

Amount to be alloted next week Rs. 70,00,000.

Extra allotments Bills on Madras, Rs. 80,000 at 1s. 4 1-32d.

Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Manchester was quiet. Total sales 8,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 1,000 bales. Surats nil. Imports 7,000. Spot 4 21-32—1-32. Arrivals closed steady and unchanged.

In New York—

Receipts at the Port ..... 19,000 bales.
Do. last year ..... 18,000 ,,
Exports to Great Britain ..... 15,000 ,,
Do. to Continent ..... 10,000 ,,
Mid-Uplands 9 1-8
Futures, month of June ..... 8·83—11
Do. do. Sept. ..... 8·37—7

Rapeseed Brown 38. April-May. Business done. Tone flat.

Linseed 53 3-4. April-May. Sellers. Tone easier.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Wednesday the 12th March 1902 :—

Cotton	7,891 bales.
Wheat	5,028 cwts.
Linseed	10,495 ,,
Rapeseed	6,078 ,,
Gingellyseed	4,557 ,,
Poppyseed	63 ,,
Groundnuts	169 ,,
Castorseed	6,560 ,,
Rice	2,158 ,,
Myrabolams	3,295 ,,
Cottonseed	4,489 ,,

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, MARCH 13.

EXCHANGE—Tone quiet but steady.

Bank T. T.	1s 4 1-32d
Bank Demand	1s 4 1-32d
Credit Bills 3 months	1s 4 7-32d
Do 6 do	1s 4 11-32d
French Francs 3 do	170 1-4
Marks 3 do	138 1-4
Hongkong 30 Days	132 1-2
Shanghai 30 ,,	180
Japan 30 ,,	149

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone quiet.

Cash	96-4
1st Settlement	96-8

Money Market, Tone steady.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 6th Feb.	3 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 13th do.	8 do
Bank of Bengal do. 12th do.	8 do
Bank of Madras do. 7th do.	8 do

SEEDS—

Linseed.—Tone quiet.

Ready	9 7
Forward, April-May	9 7

Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.

Brown Cawnpore, Ready	6 7 to 6 8
Do. Forward April-May	
Yellow Cawnpore Ready	Nominal.
Do. Forward April-May	
Yellow Guzerat, Ready	Nominal.
Do. Forward April-May	

Poppyseed.—Tone quiet.

Ready	Nominal.
Forward, April-May	8 13

Castorseed—Tone steady.

Ready	23 4
Forward, April-May	31 0

Groundnuts—Tone firm.

Ready	42 0

Gingellyseed—Tone steady.

15 per cent. Mixed, Ready ... 46 8

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited :—

Growths.	Fine.	F.-G.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals, H.-G. (Ry. terms)	161	155	150	25 March
Bengals, M.-G. (Ry. terms)	170	164		do.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	170	164		do.
Belati (M.-G.)	185	179		do.
Khandeish, (M.-G.)		2174		do.
Dhamangam Poolgam	188	182		do.
Oomra good staple	196	190		do.
Akola M.-G.	187	181		do.
Khamgaum do.				
Karanja do.				
Broach (M. G.)	210		205	do.
Bhownugger (H. G.)			185	25 May
S.-G. Dharwar			199	do.
Westerns			187	do.

Cotton, Tone very quiet.

SHARES.—Petits are quoted 1620, Tapty Valley Railway quiet at 420. Bank of Bombay steady at 1235.

FREIGHTS.—Native speculators have chartered the s. s. "Mars" for one port only at 14s. March loading; whilst the ready s. s. "Idar" further booked measurement cargo at 12s 6d for Antwerp, for which port also business has been done for April and May at 13s 6d and other picked ports at 13s 9d.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

THE following report is dated Liverpool February 21st:—Taking it all round the market has shown extraordinary firmness during the week, that in the face of very heavy receipts. The strength has, this time, chiefly emanated from New York, a market which has been lately, and is perhaps still, under the influence of an immense manipulation. This manipulation has been concentrated about the March and May positions, and has been the plaything of only two or three leading houses. Whether the game is over or is to assume a new form we cannot tell. In America the manipulation of the article has become a scene, and may at any moment, in the present condition of the market, become dangerous. We understand, in fact, that a great many continental shippers and importers have hedged their purchases of Cotton in N. Y. with March, and now realise the danger of having done so, their hedging in Liverpool would have fared far better. At all times our market is very safe to trade in, owing to large stock of cotton here, and the conservatism of the members of our Exchange. The Southern markets have been very firm. The South seems, notwithstanding large receipts, to be thoroughly impregnated still with the belief in a short crop. One of our leading shippers is sweeping the Interior of every thing he can find, while our leading Liverpool import firms are unable to secure enough cotton to supply their wants until the end of the season. It is strange that notwithstanding the diverse opinions about the size of the present crop, preparation for the next crop are already much discussed. The course of prices during the next few weeks will influence the extent of the contemplated acreage. We hear that owing to the dearness of grain and meat and scarcity of mules the next crop will be so expensive to raise that an important reduction in the acreage is almost certain. Again we hear that there will be a reduced acreage in Texas, unless weather conditions should delay planting until too late to put in anything but cotton. The Continent is quiescent in France, matters are improving. A French correspondent writes:—The past week was favourable to spinners and weavers. The latter especially who had done nothing since December and were unfortunately compelled to pay the prices for yarns have experienced quite a revival in demand from all consuming centres. Manchester is not doing as well as lately. In a certain case a spinner made a contract for yarn shewing 7-16d per lb lost 3 or 4 spinners are running short time and others may do the same. Still of late they fare well and we do not attach importance to short time movements. American spinners and manufacturers are doing excellently, and the former displaying almost frantic efforts to being up the remaining crop. Taking it all round we feel justified in maintaining our favourable opinion of the market unless the crops should be much larger than we now anticipate. If 10 1-2 millions were correct cotton would be at 5d and if it were 10 1-4 it would be 5 1-16d if not more, independently of occasional reactions which may be caused from time to time by profit taking by people in New York and here who are heavily long but who have the financial power to drive prices further.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

COUTTS—March 13, at Frere Road, Bombay, Ivy May, the beloved infant daughter of Ernest and Rachel Coutts, after a prolonged and painful illness, aged 1 year and 2 months.

Not gone from memory
Not gone from love
But gone to her
Heavenly Father above.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

SIRCAR—March 9, at Calcutta, the wife of Birendra Nath Sircar, of 21, Beadon Street, of a son.

DEATHS.

MARTIN—March 6, at Bullana, Berar, John Martin, late of the Bengal Commissariat Department, aged 75 years.

PHILLIPS—May 8, at Baraagore, Helen Shanks, the beloved wife of W H Phillips, (desrs. Rowcotham and Sons), Manchester.

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 10m. Sun sets, 6h. 9m. High water, 1-41m., 2-20A. Low water, 7-40m., 8-24A.

Bombay Chamber of Commerce, ballot for an Improvement Trustee, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Bombay Mahomedan Educational Conference, 1-30 p.m.

Novelty Theatre: The London Gaiety Company.

Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, presentation of awards by H. E. the Governor, 4-30 p.m.

P. and O. s. s. Caledonia, with English mails of 28th ultimo, due to arrive at noon.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per extra s.s. "Pekin," will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m., to-morrow.

THE POONA PARSEE VOLUNTEERS.—The annual shooting match of B Company for the Dastoor Noshirwan Challenge Shield was won by Cr. Sergt. Thanawalla H. D. with a total of 15 points, out of a possible score of 23 points. It is a matter of much gratification to note that since the above Challenge Shield has been awarded to B Company for competition, it is invariably carried off by Parsees.

ARTICLED CLERK'S EXAMINATION.—An examination of Articled Clerks will be held in the Office of the Commissioner, High Court, on Tuesday, the 8th, Wednesday the 9th, Thursday the 10th and Friday the 11th days of April 1902. The Examiners are Messrs. A. K. Oliver Master in Equity, C. P. R. Young Acting Clerk of the Crown and P. Byrne, Solicitor.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN A MILL.—Hurri Sadoo, a Hindu aged thirty years, residing at Grant Road, and employed in the Wallace Flour Mill, while at work in the Mill on Wednesday, met with a fatal accident. It appears that a large leather belt which worked the machinery, suddenly broke, striking the man on the head and causing a compound fracture of the skull. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died shortly after admission.

THE BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BAND STAND.—By kind permission of Captain O. G. Carnegy and the Officers; The Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will to-day, play the following Programme of music under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Band Master, commencing at 5-30 p.m. :—

March.....Fighting Through to Victory.....Meyer
Overture.....Romantique.....Kaiser Bela
Selection.....La Poupee.....Audran
Valse.....Toujours au Jamais.....Waldteufel
Fantasia.....On National Songs of Germany...Kappey
Polka.....Black and Tan.....Lowenau

ASSAULT BY A TICKET COLLECTOR.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday. Mr. Rose, a ticket inspector in the employ of the B. B. & C. I. Railway doing duty at the Grant Road Station, appeared to answer a charge of assault preferred against him by one Esoofali Jeevaji a Bora merchant. Mr. Vellikar pleader, appeared for the complainant, while the accused was defended by Mr. Da Souza, pleader. The complainant's evidence went to show that on the morning of the 21st ultimo, he came to Bombay from Surat, with a child under three years of age, and alighted at the Grant Road Station. The accused who was at the gate collecting tickets, asked the complainant, whether he had a ticket for the child. The complainant replied that as the child was under three years of age there was no necessity to have a ticket for it. As the accused persisted, the complainant asked him to refer the matter to the Stationmaster. The accused would not do so, became excited and ordered complainant to leave the place. The latter refused to do so, as he had to take his luggage from the brake van. Accused thereupon lost his temper, and gave complainant two blows on his face with his clenched fist. Several passengers who were present at the time, interfered, and separated the parties. The accused admitted the offence, stating that he struck the complainant because he abused him. The Magistrate, in convicting the accused, remarked that the assault was an unprovoked one, but as it was stated that he had hitherto behaved well, he was ordered to pay a fine of Rs. 15 only.

ACTION FOR DAMAGES BY A EUROPEAN BARRISTER.

At the Bombay Small Causes Court, on Tuesday, Mr. Rustomji Merwanji Patel, Second Judge, disposed of the suit brought on by Mr. A. R. Donald, barrister-at-law, against Messrs Richardson and Cruddas, for the recovery of Rs. 395 as damages for the injury sustained by the plaintiff owing to the negligence of the defendants. The plaintiff conducted his own case, while Mr. Dunlop, of Messrs Crawford, Brown and Co., Solicitors, represented the defendants. The plaintiff's case was that the defendants were engaged in erecting an extension to the Church Gate Station and in course of executing that work they erected on the public road, an iron post which, it was alleged, they had left unguarded. On the 27th August last the plaintiff, while coming out of the station, was seriously injured by the post, which struck his left leg. In consequence of that injury he was compelled to absent himself from his practice as a Barrister-at-law, High court, Bombay, for three days, and was made lame for a period of over three weeks. His clothes were damaged and the skin of the leg was permanently scarred. He incurred expenses for medical attendance. The post was erected on highway, on the left hand side as one came out of the Church Gate Station. The plaintiff first wrote to the B. B. and C. I. Railway, who in reply, denied the liability and asked plaintiff to point out the place and the alleged obstruction. On the 8th October the plaintiff wrote a letter to Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas informing them that he had claimed Rs. 350 as damages from the B. B. & C. I. Railway and that he intended to join them as co-defendants with the Railway Company, unless his claim was settled in four days. Subsequently it was ascertained that under the terms of the contract the liability rested with Messrs Richardson and Cruddas only, who were the contractors for the erection of the station and the suit was proceeded against them only.

His Honour held that the post which caused the injury to the plaintiff, was erected by the native workmen of the defendants in the highway, and therefore they were responsible for the damage sustained by the plaintiff. The plaintiff did not seek the fall. Nobody had a right to put anything in the highway, and if he did, he was responsible for any injury that might be caused by it. The court passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff for Rs. 155 with costs.

THE WEALTH OF INDIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have read in your to-day's issue what purports to be a criticism on my paper "A Statistical Review of the Income and Wealth of India, of British India" which was read on my behalf before the Royal Statistical Society of London on February 18th last; and should like, with your permission, to correct a few remarks made by you. (1) I am not the "Deputy Accountant General of Bengal," *nor* am I a "Bengal Official," and never have been the latter. (2) My estimates of the general produce of the land are *not* "based on experimental cultivation by Government," but on the official figures which give the averages of production, "excluding" experimental cultivation. (3) It is not "assumed that full crops are reaped from all fields every year." It is distinctly stated that the two years, 1875 and 1895, only are considered, and are specially selected, as free from famine. The object of the paper is to compare the one year with the other, and no reference to any other year is made, nor is any estimate made for famine years, as that is not within the province of the paper. (4) I have not assumed that every adult male is continuously employed all the year round, with the exception of seventeen days in the year, but I

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These Lamps must not be confounded with those generally sold in Bombay, under the name of HINKS' LAMPS, where, perhaps, a small part bears the name "Hinks," while the other portions consist simply of some cheap foreign stuff, thus making it appear that the whole article is manufactured by Messrs. HINKS & SONS.

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OPP. CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

MY DEAR MR. BRUZARD.—

There are men and things which dispense with the commonplace of praise. Richard Wagner is, without doubt, known to you as a glory of contemporary Art, in whom Germany with good reason considers itself honoured, and I congratulate the Philharmonic Society of London in having chosen him to direct its Concerts. Need I add that I have been for some years bound to Wagner by intimate friendship.

Will you, therefore, my dear Mr. BRUZARD, kindly do what lies in your power to favour him during the time with one of those fine ERARD Pianos that Marlborough Street makes so well.

A Many cordial remembrances and ever yours.

F. LISZT.

ERARD PIANOS.

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LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in Verse after the manner fo various other great Poets by W. E. H. PRICE Rs 1, Postage Annas 4 To be had at this Office.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. E. F. NICHOLSON, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Camp, Santa Cruz, 14th March, 1902.

1. Detail—Captain of the week—Captain E A Kenyon.
Subaltern of the Day—Lieut S E Greaves, next for duty Lieut G A Phillips.
Battalion Orderly Sergt of the Day—Sergt H A Sharp.
Battalion Orderly Corporal of the Day—Lce-Corpl W K Robinson.

2. Train Services—The Railway authorities having notified that they are unable to reserve accommodation for the Corps by the Train leaving Santa Cruz at 9-27 a.m. (Bombay time), Members of the Corps must not travel by this train. Reserved accommodation has been arranged for the 9-36 a.m. (Bombay time) which reaches Grant Road at 10 a.m. and Church Gate at 10-12. The accommodation reserved for the Corps will be found in rear of the Up trains and in front of Down trains.

3. Parade.—There will be a Commandant's Parade at Santa Cruz, on Saturday next, the 15th instant, at 5 p.m. and not 6 p.m. as previously stated in orders.
Dress—Drill order, Khaki, Putties, Leather Chin Straps and Helmet Buttons to be worn.
Trains leave Church Gate Station at 3-5 and Grant Road 3-21 p.m. (Bombay time) and return from Santa Cruz at 8-25, 8-55 and 9-50 p.m. (Bombay time). The Railway authorities have reserved accommodation on the 3-5 and 5-5 p.m. Down, and 9-50 p.m. Up trains, and Volunteers are requested to travel by these trains only, if possible.
Dinner will be provided at the Camp about 7-30 p.m. (Bombay Time) for Members of A, B, C, D, E, F and G Companies who attend the parade, provided that they notify their intention to stop to dinner to the Officer Commanding their Company.

4. Head-Quarters—It is notified for information that the Head-Quarters Office, Carnac Road, is temporarily closed and is now open at Camp Santa Cruz where all communication should be addressed up to the 29th March.

5. Leave of absence has been granted to the undermentioned as follows:—Lieut G T W Oliver, from 11th March to 10th May 1902; and No. 3381 Lce-Corpl H E Frescott C. Coy, from 10th March to 15th April 1902.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B.V.R

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication on our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1902.

INDIAN FINANCE.

MR. A. F. COX, Comptroller and Auditor General of the Finance and Commerce Department, has issued his voluminous Appropriation Report on the accounts of the Government of India for 1900-1901. In it he records that when the estimates were framed, India was suffering "from a famine, probably severe and widespread as any that has yet afflicted the country;" consequently only a very modest surplus of £160,300 was estimated for. This being an agricultural country and food crops deficient, the land revenue falling off, and it being necessary to spend large sums on relief, it was not considered safe to count on more. But opium revenue and railway receipts made unexpected progress, with the result that, added to the savings on account of the absence of troops in China, a handsome surplus of £1,670,200 was netted, a million and-a-half over and above the best that had been anticipated. The effects of famine on the finances may be gathered from Mr. Cox's report. He shows that in framing the estimates, it had been assumed the famine would disappear by the end of September, but the hope not being fully realised, it was found necessary to continue the granting of relief to Bombay and the Central Provinces; and this entailed an expenditure of 139 lakhs, while to make matters worse, the land revenue collections over the whole country fell off by over eighty-six lakhs. It was fortunate, therefore, that the price of opium rose, and that the railway receipts were so much better. By far the largest variation in the finances occurred under the heading Army Services, and it is shown that the absence of Native troops in China and of British troops in South Africa resulted in a saving of £1,176,000. To this was added £113,100, the cost of stores and animals sent to China recovered from the Imperial Government. It is not possible to state the exact loss to Government on account of famine, but on the basis of estimates framed by the most competent local authorities, it is calculated that the total net loss was Rs. 1,87,87,000. Suspensions of Land Revenue and Provincial rates are not included in these figures. They are not counted as a final loss, and are thus distinguished from remissions. Madras, Burma and the Punjab showed better results under Land Revenue than were anticipated. The improvement of Burma is taken as an indication of the general prosperity of the country, and due principally to a large extension in the area assessed to revenue and to the extended introduction of the revision of settlement rates. In the other two presidencies, the improvements are attributed to the realisation of arrears. The increase in railway revenue was due mainly to the inclusion in the current year's figures of the gross, instead of the net traffic receipts of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway for nine months of the year, owing to the conversion of that Railway into a State railway, to the large export trade in rice in Burma, to the carriage of troops and military equipage in connection with the expedition to China, and to the heavy traffic in the famine districts. The only railway which showed a noticeable decrease of revenue was the North-Western Railway, in which there was a falling off of over thirty lakhs with a diminution in the export wheat trade consequent on the continuance of famine.

An analysis of the accounts under the principal heads of revenue shows that the receipts exceeded the Budget estimate, and the actuals of the previous year by £573,600 and £1,642,800 respectively. The increase of half a million sterling in the opium receipts was due to large sales of the Bengal variety at high prices, and the amount would have been greater, but that the Malwa exports from Bombay fell off. Salt revenue increased by upwards of a hundred and twenty thousand pounds. The Stamp Department secured an increase of seventy-five thousand pounds, in consequence of the enhanced stamp duty on perpetual leases in Bengal, the execution of a large number of leases in the North-West Provinces in view of the contemplated amendment in the Rent Law, and to an increase in the number of mortgages and sales of land in Madras and Bombay, attributable to the unfavourable conditions of the year. Another increase of over seventeen lakhs of rupees was reported in the Excise Department owing to a larger consumption of liquors, opium and other drugs in Burma and Bengal, to agricultural prosperity and the enhancement of still-head duty in the North-West Provinces, to an under-estimate in Madras, a rise of £237,400 under Customs, due to larger imports of food and drink, cotton manufactures, oils, metals and manufactures of metals, unmanufactured articles and raw materials, and to increased receipts from countervailing sugar duties, of sixteen lakhs of rupees under Forest, due to large sales of timber in Burma and Bengal and to famine grass operations in Bombay and other minor causes which are duly specified. The improvement, as compared with the previous year, is shown to have been contributed by all the heads except tributes from native states, under which there was a decrease of over five and-a-half lakhs, due mainly to a large arrear collection in India, and a special receipt in Bombay in 1899-1900. An increase of forty-four lakhs under Land Revenue was partly due to arrear collections, and partly to improved receipts from Burma; while an improvement of nine and-a-half lakhs under Provincial rates was due to the enhancement of the rate of village cess and better collection of land revenue in Madras, to the collection of arrears in the Punjab, and to improvement in the land revenue receipts in Burma.

In the chapter devoted to excise, we find that the receipts exceeded the Budget estimate, and the actuals of the previous year by seventeen and-a-half and eleven and-a-half lakhs respectively. The greatest increase was noticed in Burma, due to the increased consumption of foreign and country liquors. That in Bengal was due to the better settlement of licenses, and to the increased consumption of opium and ganja, attributed to the improved condition of the people. An improvement in the North-West Provinces is attributed to the greater agricultural prosperity, to the celebration of a large number of Hindu marriages, and the enhancement of still-head duty; while that of Madras, of almost seven lakhs, was due to the estimate having been pitched low with reference to the decline in revenue there from that source in the previous two years. Decreases in Bombay are unfortunately not due to the improved morality or sobriety of popular habits. A fall of four and-a-quarter lakhs was chiefly due to the effects of famine which necessitated remissions of duty and reduced consumption, consequent upon the poverty of the people. Bombay consumed very much less opium than usual, owing to the same reason. Customs receipts showed an improvement of over thirty-five lakhs on the year and on the estimates. This was due to a general revival of import trade following on the excellent paddy crops which enabled the people to purchase goods more freely. Bengal bought more articles of food and drink. In Bombay the most important increases were under sugar countervailing duties, articles of food and drink, but these improvements were partly counterbalanced by decreases under other metals and manufactures of metals and cotton manufactures. A small improvement in Madras occurred under cotton fabrics, kerosine oil, chemicals, drugs, arms and metals. Under export duties, a falling off in Burma was due to the export to India during the year of large quantities of rice owing to famine, while a decrease in Bengal and Madras was consequent on the reduced exportation of rice. Under excise duty on cotton manufactures, an increase occurred in Bombay of over a lakh and-a-quarter, where the issue of cloth from the Mills in the later months of the year was unexpectedly large, reduced by a decrease in Madras owing to a small demand for local manufacture, and to its shipment to a large extent to Singapore, Penang, and chiefly to Manila. What the Budget estimates for the coming year may be, we shall hear during the present month. They will, we imagine, be based on the assumption that the famine is again likely to end at an early date, and that the financial condition of the country will soon show a much greater improvement. At all events, there is reason to expect a substantial surplus.

INDIAN ARMY REFORM. A REMARKABLE volume, advocating a number of important changes in the organisation of the Indian army, has been published by Messrs. Thacker Spink and Company from the pen of Lieut.-Colonel E. T. Paul, 6th Bengal Cavalry. It appears under the title of "The Imperial Army of India." It points out that the present arrangement, whereby the army of India is divided into four commands, does not fulfil the obviously desirable condition of adapting peace organisation, as far as possible to normal requirements in time of war. Colonel Paul further criticises the system of dual control which follows from the existence side by side, of a Military Department, under a Military Member of Council, and of Army Head-Quarters under the Commander-in-Chief. The remedy he suggests is that the Commander-in-Chief should unite in his own person his present functions with those of the Military Member of Council, while the Military Department should be absorbed into Army Head-Quarters. Colonel Paul further advocates the abolition of the existing four commands, and the substitution of nine provincial areas, to correspond with Divisions, each under a General Officer. These new divisions he thinks, should be of equal size, and should be sub-divided into brigades, each under its own Brigadier-General, each unit to be complete in itself, to be periodically transferred from one cantonment to another, and to be liable for service, alike in peace and war, in any part of the Indian empire. The abolition of the existing commands involves the creation of a general list for native regiments which Colonel Paul proposes to brigade with a proportion of British troops and guns. The scheme further provides for the building of fortified posts for the security of the country when troops are away, also the strengthening of the artillery and transport, a large increase in the number of staff corps officers, and other changes including arrangements to put a stop to the present system, whereby regiments are liable to be denuded of officers to fill purely civil posts. The grouping of the executive departments of the proposed Army Head-Quarters under a Chief of the Staff, and the focussing of the supply departments, in the same, under a secretary, both of these high officials being subordinated to the Commander-in-Chief, is another suggestion that is put forward. The financial aspect of the question is only considered to the extent of showing certain savings which the proposed scheme would render eventually possible, Colonel Paul admitting frankly that the arrangement he advocates cannot be brought into force without spending money. He argues, however, that considerations of economy should be subordinated to those of the safety of the empire.

THE HEALTH OF BOMBAY. THE increase in the plague mortality in Bombay during the week ended on Tuesday was considerably less than the rate of the previous week. The plague deaths numbered 892, an advance of 36 over the total of the preceding seven days, whereas last week's figures showed a rise of 155 over the previous total. It may be taken therefore that the epidemic has now reached its maximum, and that succeeding weeks will show the gradual subsidence characteristic of every outbreak in Bombay. At a time when attempts are being made to work up a scare over the present epidemic, it is of interest to point out that the returns show the mortality from the disease to be the least experienced in the successive outbreaks which have marked the cool weather season during the last five years. A feature of this year's recrudescence of the pestilence is that every week the deaths have been considerably fewer than at the corresponding period last year. The latest returns compared with those for the same time in 1901 show a decreased mortality of 361, while in the previous week the figures exhibited a comparative decrease of the same number. We have no desire to minimise the gravity of the present outbreak, but it is curious, that after all the outcry against measures for keeping the disease in check, there should be a disposition to create a scare, when, if we are to take the returns as they stand, there is much less need for alarm than at any other time since 1896. Little good and a great deal of harm may be done by an injudicious outcry, and in the present instance a panic is the last thing to be desired in the interests of the people who are suffering or of the commerce of the city. Amid all the havoc wrought by the plague, there is the ray of comfort that the pestilence is less severe than it has been. This yields hope for the future for experience has only too plainly taught us that in a city like Bombay, we have little to expect from heroic measures. The total mortality from all causes last week was 1,790 compared with 2,573 in the corresponding week of last year, the comparative decrease being spread over all the diseases which account for numerous deaths in the city.

THE AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK. THE season reports from the districts show very little variation from those which have been tendered weekly for some considerable time past. Rain has been withheld throughout the Presidency, and some neighbourhoods are feeling the want of it very keenly. In Gujarat, harvesting is well advanced; in Ahmedabad, the wheat harvest is in hand, the rabi crops have been gathered in Kaira, and in Surat and Broach the harvesting of the oil seed and val crops is nearly completed. Throughout Gujarat there is a sufficiency of fodder, and cattle are generally in good condition. In Kaira and in Ahmedabad rats are again very active, and are causing a great deal of damage to the standing crops. In Ahmedabad also there is a plague of hares, and they are doing a considerable amount of injury to growing produce. In Sind, all the districts uniformly record the fact that the rabi crops are flourishing, although rain is badly needed. The river at Kotri in Karachi stands at 3 feet 4 4-5 inches against six feet on the same date last year, a fact which is very significant of the continued lack of moisture. There is an adequate amount of fodder throughout the district, and prices of food grains remain steady. In the Konkan the land is now being prepared for next season's crops. There is nothing unusual to record. Moisture is still required throughout the districts. In the Deccan harvesting is very busily proceeded with. In some places—notably in Sholapur—the rabi crops are withering for want of rain and are being used as fodder. The estimate of the outturn of the karif crops is only six annas, and that of the rabi crops twelve annas. In the remaining districts conditions remain as before.

HER EXCELLENCY LADY CURZON, leaves for Darjeeling on Friday, returning to Calcutta on the 26th.

MR. T. RALEIGH and the permanent members of the Universities Commission return to Calcutta this week.

THE next meeting of the Viceroy's Legislative Council will take place on the 19th instant, when the Budget will be presented.

IT is now understood that there will be no necessity to employ Indian troops in the operations against the Mad Mullah in Somali land.

The P. & O. Co's. s.s. Persia, with the homeward mails of the 8th inst. arrived at Aden at 10 p.m. on Wednesday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Victoria, with the outward mails of the 7th instant, left Suez at 8 a.m. on Wednesday.

IN a shamiana at Chowpatty yesterday afternoon the Bombay Presidency Mahomedan Educational Conference was opened. The proceedings were inaugurated by His Excellency Lord Northcote, who delivered an impressive speech encouraging the Mahomedan community to continue their search after knowledge. Sir Cowas. Ollivant also spoke briefly. The discussion was full of interest, and resolutions urging the encouragement of education were passed by the Conference.

SIR MAHARAJA JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE K.C.S.I., has decided to send his adopted son, Maharaja Kumar Prodyot Kumar Tagore, to London to attend the King's Coronation. Maharaja Tagore is one of the greatest leaders of Hindu Society in Bengal. The visit of his son to Europe, therefore, is important social event. Probably nothing but his Majesty the King Emperor's invitation, could have induced the Maharaja to consent to his son crossing the ocean, in defiance of the well-known orthodox Hindu prejudice against such an act.

THE final settlement with the Mahsuds has been made, and the blockade was formally declared at an end on Tuesday morning. Mr. Merk has taken security for the return of the cattle captured during the raids and for the surrender or expulsion of certain notorious outlaws refugees from British territory. These men as we recently stated have fled to Afghanistan so the arrangement will apply in case of their return. Orders were issued on Tuesday evening directing the return to their stations of the six regiments which were sent up in December to strengthen the blockading.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending 11th March was 1790, giving a death-rate of 19·94 per annum per thousand as against 17·41 the corresponding period of last year, and 14·78 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 217 died from fevers; 892, plague; 7, small-pox; 6, measles; 1, cholera; 4, leprosy; 152, phthisis; 63, diseases of the nervous system; 166, affections of the respiratory organs; 37, diarrhœa; 35, dysentery; 43, still-born; 110, old age and debility; 10, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jains, 65; Brahmin, 58; Lingaet, 9; Bhattia, 7; Hindu of other caste, 970; Hindu low castes, 174; Musalman, 404; Parsee, 35; Jew, 5; Native Christian, 52; Eurasian, 2; European, 8; Negro-African, 1. The total number of births was 261 as against 74 the corresponding period of last year, and 149 the average over the past five years.

ACCORDING to a story recently told to an interviewer by Mr. Horace Plunkett, "Colonel" Lynch's unsuccessful opponent at Galway, the Nationalists originally intended to run a much more notable candidate than the gentleman who, though elected, has not yet taken his seat at St. Stephen's. It seems that Mr. Kruger was the first favourite of the Nationalists, and that his candidature was seriously discussed by the party managers. An objection was raised that the ex-President was incapable of sitting in the House of Commons, because he was a foreigner, but this plea was supposed to be effectively met by the argument that the Transvaal having been formally annexed, Mr. Kruger ipso facto became a British subject.

NOTES ON BOOKS.

NEW IDEAS ON BRIDGE (a) by Mr. Archibald Dunn, Junr. gives an up-to-date series of articles dealing with the various questions that crop up, sooner or later, in Bridge play. "Declaration" and "Doubling" those two difficult problems, are thoroughly threshed out, Mr. Dunn hoping that by the light he throws on them they may become as much "jeux de regle" as certain hands are at Ecarte. He is not however so dictatorial as to lay down the law, he gives the arguments for and against the different degrees of wisdom in declaration with absolute impartiality, but most certainly the player who ponders on what is written here will be as a strong man armed when he has to decide on what he shall "declare" or "double." The chapters "Bridge v. Whist" and "The Chaos of Bridge" have already appeared in the "Badminton Magazine." Mr. Dunn, in advancing theories does so supported by a serious amount of practice. It is little use proving by decimals even, he says, that such and such a course in Bridge is right. If one played with machines that argument might hold good, but practical experience with human Bridgites is worth tons of theory. Theory, to be more than academical, must be fortified by experiment among all sorts and conditions of players and yet flexible enough to be influenced by it. The skill of the player is the true measure of the game, and the theory that can be quickest adjusted to that is the only one that will serve. The good Bridge player, as in all else in the bigger game of life, draws upon theory in exact proportion to his knowledge or intuitive perception of the calibre of his opponents and partner, in the matter of a declaration or a double. The ideal player, indeed, is one in whom theory and practice intelligently give way to each other. This Mr. Dunn shows by actual examples, some defying theory, and some showing how it carried the player over difficult fence when given its head. In doubling or re-doubling the danger is the gambling element which is sure sooner or later to come in with some players. Doubling of course depends on the declaration, but as that again often depends somewhat on individual temperament, Bridge players being particularly human, the same vagueness extends to the laying down of any rule for doubling. But, even with the tendency to gamble in full view, this writer boldly gives the best rules, and reasons for them, as to the system to be pursued in normal doubling and redoubling. The chapter "On Card-Signals or the Information Game," deals with a serious controversial question that arises in both Bridge and Whist and into this Mr. Dunn enters thoroughly. His book altogether is an admirable one, and although he says that not even ten thousand books "will ever succeed in giving even a tittle of the endless variations and combinations which occur at Bridge," this one certainly should encourage a player to use his common-sense in the application of the general rules he finds laid down in treatises.

HORSES ON BOARD SHIP (b) is the title of a new book by Captain Horace Hayes in which this experienced manager of horses gives the conclusions he has arrived at as to the best system to be adopted in shipping horses from one country to another. In the early part of last year, the writer was placed in veterinary charge of 498 remounts journeying from England to South Africa. This was on board the "Kelvingrove" a cattle steamer in which 33 men and boys looked after the horses, and he mentions that the passage was a most instructive one. His next journey was in H. M. Trooper the "Idaho" in charge of 248 remounts bound also for South Africa and in this voyage he saw the military method of managing horses at sea. The practical experience of Captain Hayes on both those ships is given freely. He does not shrink from tendering advice down to the smallest detail, as to the best way to transport horses as healthily and comfortably as possible across the ocean. One of his chapters is enlightening as to the percentage of mortality among animals at sea. He tells of the s. s. Cervona arrival in Algoa Bay having lost 254 horses, which had been shot during the voyage. An American veterinary surgeon in charge had suspected glanders, and sanctioned the shooting of eleven horses. He then changed his mind and his diagnosis, but the remount officer on board, decided to shoot 243 more, this was, however, a distinctly unusual mortality. The percentage of deaths among horses shipped to South Africa from Great Britain and Ireland did not much exceed six per cent. from North America it was under six, and from Australasia a little over four, from Austria three and from the Argentine Republic not quite one per cent. Mr. Hayes is most urgent on the need for absolute security in the fixing of fittings in the stalls on board ship. A heavy gale tries them seriously and one division giving way is soon followed by another with fatal effects on the unfortunate horses. The s. s. "Rapidan" lost 191 horses out of 415 from this cause alone. The best kind of fittings of headstalls, of clothing, food, bedding, hours of feeding, precautions in embarking and disembarking as well as a few hints for veterinary treatment, are the subjects of various chapters. There are twenty-four photographs illustrating the suggestions made, the whole text being essentially practical, with detailed information for application in every emergency on board.

Two new volumes are added to THE MINIATURE SERIES OF PAINTERS (c) published by Messrs. George Bell and Sons, Holman Hunt and Watteau, the former treated by G. C. Williamson and the latter by Edgcumbe Staley, B. A. Watteau has had many pupils and imitators, and a place is given in this little book to the chief artists that have carried on the genre of painting to which Watteau has given his name. Eight pictures, six by the artist himself and one each by Lancret and Pater, his most successful imitators, illustrate the style in which Watteau excelled. In giving specimens of the work of Holman Hunt, eight of his pictures are selected that show the progress of his art from youth to age. He pursued the same lines right through his artistic career, and the religious spirit on which much of his work was based is not lost sight of. The letter press in these delightful little volumes is admirably inclusive and the public must warmly welcome so excellent a series of art text-books.

Part I of a practical PERSIAN GRAMMAR (d) has been published by Munshi Abdur-Sabhan Rajab. It contains the simple rules of grammar, a vocabulary required for its easy exercises, and gives correct pronunciations of the words. It is intended for students going up for examinations and for use in schools. The exercises are carefully graduated, and neither too difficult or puzzling. Taken in connection with the First Persian Book of the Punjab series, it should enable the beginner to start the study of Persian without a teacher. The use of English sounds and Roman letters to explain Persian letters and words renders the work simple enough for the English worker.

A DICTIONARY OF ABBREVIATIONS AND CONTRACTIONS, (e) commonly used in General Mercantile Transactions by W. G. Cordingley is a useful handbook comprising a list from all available sources of the contractions necessary to be known by those engaged in a commercial life. Shorthand writers and reporters would find it invaluable, and to the clerk entering on his duties in a business house it will be simply indispensable for where else will he get the explanation of the letters which mysteriously stand for commercial terms, and which he will be expected to know by heart. W. G. Cordingley's is a practical publication.

(a) NEW IDEAS OF BRIDGE by Archibald Dunn, Junr, The Walter Scott Publishing Co., Paternoster Square, one shilling.
(b) HORSES ON BOARD SHIP by Captain M. H. Hayes, Hurst and Blackett, 13 &c. Marlborough Street, London, five shillings.
(c) BELL'S MINIATURE SERIES OF PAINTERS. Watteau, and Holman Hunt, George Bell & Sons, one shilling each.
(d) A PRACTICAL PERSIAN GRAMMAR, Part I, by Munshi Abdur Subhan Rajab. Israelite Press, Poona, one rupee.
(e) A DICTIONARY of Abbreviations and Contractions, by W. G. Cordingley, Effingham Wilson, 11 Royal Exchange, one shilling.

THE King-Harman inter-regiment revolver match, one of the events in the B.P.R.A. programme, has been won by the 2nd Battalion of the 5th Gurkhas. The prize having been won twice in succession by the 2-5th, it becomes their property absolutely, and the match dies a natural death. The cup was presented to the Association in 1895, by Colonel King-Harman, late 2-4th Gurkhas to be competed for by teams of three British officers from any native corps belonging to the Punjab and Bengal Commands. The match has never been popular or well-supported. This year only two teams entered, while last year the number was three. In these circumstances the Association do not consider it worth while to provide a new cup and keep the match on the annual programme, a decision which seems reasonable.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

DE WET'S MOVEMENTS.

NEW ZEALAND AND THE WAR.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

It is reported that De Wet and Steyn crossed the main railway line last Sunday night to the north of Wolvehoek station going west thus suggesting that they intend to join hands with Delarey's force.

Lady Methuen who was on her way home stopped at Madeira, from which place she returns to the Cape to see her husband.

Dunedin has feted the departing southern portion of the Ninth New Zealand Contingent for South Africa.

Mr. Seddon, the Premier, in a speech to the men said, the proper reception for the British to give the news of Lord Methuen's reverse would be to redouble their energies. New Zealand, he said, was determined to do her part in wiping out the reverse.

THE CASUALTIES AT KLIPDRIFT.

LORD METHUEN DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 13.

The following casualties are reported from South Africa :—

7th March, at Klipdrift, killed, Lieutenant.-Colonel Wilson, 3rd York and Lancaster Regiment ; Lieutenants Nesham and Venning, R. F. A., and Lieutenant Bartley, Steinaecker's Horse.

Wounded dangerously, Lieutenant-General Lord Methuen, Staff Colonel E. Townsend, R. A. M. C., and Lieutenant Mitford, 1st Northumberland Fusiliers ; severely, Captain Outram, 3rd Highland Light Infantry ; Lieut. Fitzpatrick, 1st North Lancashires ; Captain Nash, Cape Police, and Lieutenants R. H. Logan, N. Squire and M. F. B. Dennis, all of the Imperial Yeomanry ; slightly, Captain Tilney, 17th Lancers.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND.

THE KING'S VISIT CANCELLED.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

It is announced that His Majesty the King, by the advice of his Ministers, has expressed to Earl Cadogan his regret that the visit of their Majesties to Ireland cannot take place this year.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

THE TREATMENT OF CHRISTIANS.

The Russian Embassy at Constantinople has twice lately called the attention of the Porte to the disquieting situation in Turkey in Europe, and pointing to the distinction made between Christians and Mussalmans, the latter being always unpunished.

TENDERS FOR INDIA BILLS.

The Tenders for one million India Bills amount to £4,040,000, Tenders at £97-2-1 receive 76 per cent., the average rate is £2-17-3.

THE VOLUNTEER REGULATIONS.

CONCESSIONS RECOMMENDED.

Mr. Brodrick informed a deputation which waited on him that the Committee on the recent new Volunteer regulations have recommended various concessions tending to meet the difficulties raised.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

The Washington House of Representatives have passed the Nicaragua Canal Bill.

PANISLAMIC MOVEMENT.

A Vienna newspaper states that the Panislamic movement has drawn up a Manifesto against the Khedive, who is described as a most dangerous enemy of Islam. Its object is to show the necessity for nominating a faithful follower of the Koran in place of the Khedive.

POLITICAL POSTINGS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH. 13.

Lieut.-Colonel Gimlette, Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad, has six months' leave, from the 25th April. Major Drake Brockman, I. M. S., is appointed to officiate.

Captain McConaghey Assistant to the Governor General's Agent in Baluchistan is posted, as Deputy Commissioner, Thalchotiali.

Mr. Davis, Assistant to the Political Resident, Persian Gulf, is transferred to Quetta as first Assistant.

Major Pinhey, Resident, Mewar, has eight months leave from the 7th April.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S TOUR.

Sir Power Palmer leaves Calcutta on the 26th instant. and visits Naini Tal, Saharanpore, Umballa, Ullunder, Amritsar, Syalkot, Rawalpindi, and Peshawar and reaches Simla on the 14th April.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, MARCH 12.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ross arrived here from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta, this morning.

The Florio and Rubattino Company's steamer Bisagno left Hongkong for Bombay on the 13th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.
Sarats quiet.
Good Bhowsuggar 3 28-32.
The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	94 1-8
3 per cent. Rentes	101 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	84 1-2
Bar Silver	25 1-8

COLLISION AT SEA.

It is reported that the Bombay and Persia S. N. Company steamer Ahmadi of 1,640 tons nett, 2,519 ons, gross 100 A.-L. built in 1888 by R. Stephenson and Company, Ld. of Newcastle, measuring 290 feet length, 40 feet 2 inches breadth, 18 feet depth, collided with a French owned steamer Alexandre III. near Jeddah. The latter vessel is supposed to have foundered.

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

THIRD CLASS PASSENGERS' GRIEVANCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 13.

A circular letter has been addressed by the Government of India to all Indian Railways, pointing out that intermediate and third class long distance passengers have a real grievance in not being furnished with latrine accommodation on trains, and inviting them to take steps to remedy the defect.

The Government of India quote the Nizam's State Railway and the Southern Mahratta Railway as lines which have set an example in the matter.

RAILWAY POSTINGS.

Mr. J. S. Brown, Executive Engineer, Railways, Burma, is appointed Junior Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta.

Mr. J. Wallace, Executive Engineer on leave, is permitted to retire with effect from last month.

THE C.-IN-C. ON INTOXICANTS.

Speaking at an entertainment given by the Scotch residents of Calcutta to the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders in the Town Hall here this evening, the Commander-in-Chief reminded the hosts of Lord Roberts' advice to the people at Home not to offer intoxicants.

UNIVERSITIES' COMMISSION.

SITTINGS IN CALCUTTA.

The Universities' Commission commenced its sittings here to-day. Father Lafont and Rev. K. S. Macdonald being examined.

DACOITIES NEAR POONA.

ROBBERS ESCAPE WITH PLUNDER.

POONA, MARCH 13.

News has reached Poona that a village near the Barsi Road station has been visited lately by gangs of dacoits.

Three nights ago they made a hole in the wall of a Marwari's house, but got no plunder.

On the following night they entered the neighbouring house and wrenched jewellery of a woman who was sleeping there. The culprits then wrecked the house of a signaller, and assaulted his wife.

The next night they made an attack on the assistant station-master's quarters, but, owing to the screaming of the women, they ran off, but returned at about three o'clock in the morning, while the assistant station-master and his staff were attending to a train. They broke open the doors, and while two or three held the women, the others carried off some boxes with over Rs. 400 worth of jewellery. The house is less than fifty yards from the station. As soon as the assistant station-master heard about this, he gave chase with two gentlemen from the station.

The thieves dropped the heaviest box in escaping, but had already taken most of the valuables out of it. The station-master's wife was very severely injured by a blow across her head with a lathi.

The police gave chase, but the thieves had only to go six miles to reach the Nizam's territory.

The robbers are believed to be Moplas. They seemed to be well acquainted as to which of the boxes in the station-master's house contained the valuables.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Surgeon-Captain Samuel Arthur Powell, Surma Valley Light Horse, late Captain and Medical Officer, Lumsden's Horse, is transferred as Medical Officer to the Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY SERVICES.

Captain H. F. Jacob, Third Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, has been granted an extension for three months on medical certificate of furlough for one year granted to him.

The Hon. Mr. A. Cumine, I.C.S., is appointed Commissioner in Sind, vice Mr. R. Giles, M.A. (Cantab.), C.I.E., retiring.

Mr. A. Lucas, I.C.S., District Judge, Ahmednagar, is granted privilege leave for two months and seventeen days from the 7th March 1902, to be followed by furlough on medical certificate for nine months and eleven days.

Mr. H. S. Lawrence, I.C.S., is appointed Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Inspector General of Registration and Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for the territories under the Government of Bombay.

Mr. R. Oliver, Deputy Superintendent, Preventive Service, Customs Department, Bombay, is granted privilege leave of absence for twenty-seven days in combination with leave on medical certificate for five months and three days.

Mr. W. Pinkett becomes District Deputy Collector, Panch Mahals.

Mr. R. M. Kennedy, I.C.S., becomes Commissioner vice the Honourable Mr. A. Cumine, I.C.S., Mr. A. D. Younghusband, I.C.S., on return to duty, acts as Commissioner, Central Division, vice the Honourable Mr. A. Cumine, I.C.S., pending further orders.

Mr. R. J. Kent, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, temporary, is transferred to the Karachi Canals District.

Mr. J. B. Chapman, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade and Acting Executive Engineer, Larkhana and Sukkur Buildings District, is appointed Executive Engineer, Western Nara District, vice Mr. Kent transferred.

Mr. L. M. Bose, Executive Engineer, 3rd Grade, is appointed Executive Engineer, Surat and Broach District.

Mr. G. McC. Harrison, Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, is granted furlough for one year from 1st April 1902.

The Reverend P. H. Preston is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Ghorpuri, Poona.

FIFTY years ago was perpetrated one of the most extraordinary literary frauds recorded in this country. Mr. Moxon published a volume of "Letters of Percy Bysshe Shelley : with an Introductory Essay by Robert Browning." Mr. Moxon had bought the letters at a sale at Sotheby's at a high price. Shortly after their publication, which called forth favourable reviews from the Press, Mr. Palgrave saw a copy at Tennyson's house ; and in one of the letters he recognised a passage from an article by his father in "The Quarterly Review." Investigation proved all the letters to be forgeries. They had been sent to Sotheby's by a Pall-mall bookseller, to whom they had been sold by two women, who professed to have been connected with Byron. It turned out that they were really supplied by one George Gordon Byron an adventurer who claimed to be a son of the poet and who said he was the husband of one of the women. Mr. Moxon at once withdrew the volume from circulation.

As it is not quite clear yet whether the Coorgs will enlist for military service in sufficient numbers to form a complete class regiment, it has been decided not to muster out the whole of the 11th Madras Infantry. The one Teliga Company and the three mixed companies will be mustered out, the two Mahomedan and the two Tamil Companies being retained for the present. The question of title and uniform will be settled later on, but meanwhile the corps will be designated the 11th Coorg Infantry.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

HINTS FOR THE CORO NATION.

LADIES' CLUBS.

PARIS FASHIONS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, FEB. 21.

DRESSMAKERS will be tremendously busy a few weeks hence, when the rush of work for the Coronation begins, so it behoves those with foresight to get their own gowns made as soon as possible, otherwise they may find themselves with "nothing to wear," like the now nearly forgotten Miss Flora MacFlimsy. Paisley patterns are to have a good season for blouses and trimmings. A grey cloth in a pale and silvery tint is trimmed with bands of Paisley-pattern galon on both skirt and bolero, the colourings being Cashmerean in character. Others are mixtures of a bolder kind, such as orange and gold, scarlet, and black and amber, but all are mingled with that ambiguity that prevents one from predominating over the rest. Among other favourite trimmings are squares of ecru guipure, very useful for remodelling blouses that, though still fairly fresh, are slightly out of date. The fulness of the front can be set into a yoke on which these squares are set in a draught-board pattern, the alternate square being filled in with finely-tucked muslin or silk. A couple of squares at the top of the sleeves, set corner to corner, give character to them and bring them into accord with the yoke. Black silk boleros and coats, short or long, are to be worn again when warmer weather comes. The boleros are covered with tuckings, and the coats are arranged in pleats that are sewn down to within a couple of inches of the edge of the basque. Eton coats in tucked black silk are finished round the outlines with rows of machine stitching, and sometimes with a band of black silk guipure. Many of the Eton coats in cloth or homespun will have a military trimming on the fronts. These invariably drop in points an inch or so below the waist. A new form is fastened up the front with small buttons like those on an officer's mess jacket, but it can also be worn open. Revers are almost too large on the new models. The wider they are the more difficult is it to keep them flat and unwrinkled, and this is a point that should be considered, for a bent, wrinkled revers makes even a handsome gown look tired and shabby before its time.

The full revers are very becoming to slight figures. Sometimes they are almost square, at others carried down nearly to the waist, the fulness being provided in the cut of the material. A black cloth gown has revers of the latter kind in black lisse embroidered in white. The folds are very soft and pretty. On a dress of black crepe-de-chine the full revers are in same material with an edging of cream-coloured guipure. The collar is made of guipure, unlined, and the sleeves have frills from the elbows finished off in the same way as the revers on the bodice. A black delaine could be trimmed in this fashion with Paisley-patterned galon, and would look very well. There is no doubt that black dresses, whether in cloth, crepe-de-chine, voile, or canvas, will be very much worn. In the language of advertisements, no wardrobe will be complete without one. The expectation that very bright colours are to be worn does not seem to be authorised. On the contrary the tendency of the hour is for white, cream, ivory, and the palest and softest in pastel tints of colour. Yellow seems to be coming in again for dress purposes. Grey is in high favour for both day and evening wear, but white is almost absolutely certain to be the principal wear during Coronation season, and black will run it pretty close. With a black gown any colour can be worn in trimmings, and, what is more to the purpose, any hat can be donned, regardless of what its colour may be. Black cloth is always smart, and it does not date, like coloured gowns. The texture of summer cloth is now as supple and as light as cashmere and it drapes as easily, a very great advantage with the clinging kind of dress now worn.

Last week brought with it further proof, if such were necessary, of the success of women's clubs, for the committee of the Victoria Club, 145, Victoria-street, S. W., were "at home" one afternoon to inaugurate the new club premises. This is only one out of many similar instances that might be quoted, telling the story of how our clubs have been obliged, from time to time to enlarge their premises owing to their flourishing condition. Whereas abroad women's clubs are for the most part associated with an educational or other special movement we in England use our clubs—most of which are modelled on the lines of the best men's clubs—purely for social purposes as places where we lunch or dine, read the news of the day, meet a friend or interview a maidservant. It may not be without interest to take a glance round at our West End clubs, since many more exist than women outside clubland are possibly aware of. The Victoria, with its fresh white paint and delicate decorations, is charmingly pretty and homelike, and is approved of by such distinguished ladies as the Duchess of Leeds—one of our "literary" duchesses—and Julia Marchioness of Tweeddale, who in company with other ladies of high degree, are on the committee. It may be added that the Victoria Club is a favourite haunt with the wives of M.P.'s. On the opposite side of the way is the youngest women's clubs namely the New Era, which is connected with a circulating library. It is a cheap and convenient club, the annual subscription being only one guinea. A similar low fee makes one a member of the New Century Club, in Bond-street, but the usual subscription to a West End club is three or five guineas. The most palatial of all women's clubs is the Empress, in Dover-street which is a lasting memorial of the sixty years' reign of Queen Victoria. It stands on historic ground, and since its enlargement right through into Berkeley-street, is quite a palace of luxury. This imposing club, with its immense Georgian dining-room quaint smoking gallery, acres of rich pile carpet and many bedrooms, quite dwarfs other clubs. Its vice-presidents include the Duchess of Leeds, the lovely Countess of Westmorland, the Countess of Kintore, the Countess of Buckinghamshire, the Countess of Romney, and a string of titled ladies besides.

Two other clubs in Dover-street are the Sandringham and the Sesame, and in Grafton-street which is really a continuation of Dover-street, are the Green Park and Pioneer, so that this particular corner of the West End may be regarded as the cream of clubland. There is a pleasant sportive character about the Sandringham, which is derived from the fact that a large number of its members are golf and billiard players. The club itself is affiliated with the Romford Golf Club, as well as with the Ladies' County Clubs in Bath and Worcestershire and the Alexandra Club Dublin. The Sandringham Golf Cup is played for every summer and the club also holds an annual billiard tournament, besides playing a billiard handicap every week. The Sandringham is one of the two women's clubs that can boast of a billiard table, the other being the Grosvenor Crescent, near Hyde Park-corner. Before leaving the Dover-street clubs, a word must be said about an interesting offshoot of the Sesame—nothing less, in short, than a school of housewifery—in Acacia-road, St. John's Wood, where girls are taught by practical experience not only to clean, polish, and bake, but also to obtain a knowledge of nursing work and dressing the baby, and where a little practice in gardening is also thrown in. The Green Park Club (of which Mr. Luther Munday is proprietor), includes among its members the sister and niece of the King of England, Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein and her daughter Princess Victoria, have been members of the Green Park Club for years. The Countess of Limerick—who it will be remembered, gives enthusiastic encouragement to the wearing of the tee green and the popularising of the dainty little shamrock in England—and several other countesses, the Hon. Mrs. Grey Egerton, prettiest of women and smart Mrs. Arthur Paget, the organiser par excellence of charity bazaars and tableaux, are also members. The Green Park Club, like the Alexandra, in Grosvenor-street (the oldest existing women's club and the only one from which the "mere man" is absolutely excluded), lays down a rule that no lady is eligible as a member who would be likely to be excluded from attending Her Majesty's Drawing Room. In spite of its exclusiveness, the club is very entertaining. In fact, it describes itself as "social and musical," and gives throughout the season a most attractive series of "weekly concerts and dramatic entertainments, for which Mrs. Munday always secures some good professional talent.

The Pioneer, founded by the late Mrs. Massingberd, is another highly entertaining club, its weekly "at home" and debate being extremely popular features. The late Mrs. Croly, the foundress of American club life for women, was a devoted admirer of Mrs. Massingberd and a member of the Pioneer Club. Altogether there are in London some sixteen or seventeen social clubs for women, the list including, in addition to those named, the Albemarle, the New County (which has a branch club at Brighton, and whose members have the use of the Ladies' Club in Paris), the New Victorian (affiliated with the Alexandra Club, Dublin, the St. Rule Club, St. Andrews, the Kelvin Club, Glasgow, and the Ladies' Club, Paris), the Writers' of which Princess Christian is president, and with which are connected some of our best-known authoresses ; the Town and Country, and the University (whose members are confined to university graduates and medical practitioners). Mention must also be made of the Bath Club, in Berkeley-street, which is open to ladies on certain days of the week, and where society girls invariably distinguish themselves by their diving and life-saving feats during the annual swimming competition. Lady Constance Mackenzie has come off victorious for several years in succession, and still holds the challenge cup. Another feminine club, of which, again, Princess Christian is president, is the Rehearsal Club, in Leicester-square, which exists for the benefit of members of the corps de ballet and chorus. Mr. and Mrs. George Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Beerbohm Tree, and other leading lights of the theatrical profession have given their hearty support to the club, which was visited one hot summer afternoon by its high-born president herself. City girls find their haven of rest in the Enterprise Club, in King William-street, E. C., so it will be seen that there are clubs for everyone.

Occasionally a sensible woman does something or wears something or says something which, like the good seed falling on good ground, springs up and bears good fruit. Mrs. Roosevelt, the wife of the President of the United States, is essentially sensible, and just now it is quite the fashion in America to follow Mrs. Roosevelt's suggestions. Thus it is that a fashion, as novel as it is sensible, is finding many followers in the United States. Mrs. Roosevelt evidently caught cold while dining out or something of that kind, for she became imbued with the idea that the evening dress habit was of itself, and as it now exists, a dangerous custom. She therefore suggested the possibility of women wearing "dinner jackets." She didn't mean anything like the dinner jacket or coat such as men wear, it is needless to say. Something for more delicate and attractive was in her mind, Flimsy chiffon affairs, dainty things of lace or Liberty satin, are more what the President's wife was thinking of when she reasoned that women were very foolish to catch cold unnecessarily. American women have gone into this matter seriously, and it is said that the makers of bolero jackets, beautiful fichus, and regular little coats in lace are about to make a fortune. As Lent is the season of dinner-giving, and as it is for dinner wear Mrs. Roosevelt advises the use of the shoulder protection supplementing low necked dresses. The pretty trifles are doubtless even now making their debut into Washington society. For women who do not wish to go to the expense of the lace and chiffon coats, shoulder scarfs in light Japanese silks are being introduced.

CYCLING AT HOME.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

The pros and cons of motor pacing for amateur events are being thoroughly thrashed out in the cycling press, and the question will be further discussed at a meeting called for to-night by the Polytechnic C. C., who have invited racing men to meet at their head-quarters and give their views on the subject. Opinions seem very divided, and whilst it is acknowledged that the substitution of motor pacing for the humanly propelled tandem pacing, now allowed, would enable riders to achieve better performances, it is also argued that besides the increased danger of serious accidents occuring, motor pacing, unless general to all competitors, would put those competitors unable to secure this assistance more out of the running than before. It is also asked way motor pacing should not be allowed in record attempts. If the National Cyclists' Union do not alter their rules with respect to pacing in competition, they may perhaps be brought to allow motors for pacing in record rides.

A feature of last Sunday's cycling was the large number of wheelmen seen along the roads with their skates swung across their shoulders, bound for the fascinating pastime of skating. For both the skate and wheel, it was an ideal day, the hard frost which had been in evidence during the previous week, having made the roads hard and dry, and the ponds and lakes a sheet of black ice. Skaters, who are cyclists, have a distinct advantage over those who do not possess a wheel, for once upon the "jigger" it is only a matter of an hour or so, before they are away out in the country, skating over the surface of some secluded lake away from the crowds found in or around London.

By the decision of Judge Greenwell in the Gateshead County Court it is proved that pedestrians using the roadway must exercise reasonable care in avoiding other traffic, and that in the event of a collision occuring between them and a cyclist, the latter is not always to blame. In the case in question the plaintiff, a cobler, and a number of companions were walking abreast along a road, when they were overtaken by a cyclist, who, ringing his bell expected an opening would be made for him to pass. This was not done, with the result that the cyclist ran into the plaintiff and both went thrown. In giving judgment His Honour said no negligence could be proved against the defendant who not only rung his bell but was riding on his correct side of the roadway, and therefore dismissed the case. On the solicitor for the plaintiff suggesting costs, the judge refused them, stating that the plaintiff brought the action, and the defendant, who was also thrown, had an equal grievance.

There is another police-court case reported this week wherein a cyclist received a favourable verdict, and as it is of interest to our readers to hear of the growing tendency amongst magistrates to uphold the wheelman's rights, we make no apology for dwelling upon them in this column. In this case a Lincolnshire farmer was called upon to pay a cyclist £20 damages. The plaintiff, a cyclist, was riding after dark in the neighbourhood of Goole, when he was run into by an unled horse belonging to the defendant and seriously injured. For the defence it was argued that the cyclist was warned that there were loose horses on the road, and as he did not dismount was guilty of contributory negligence. With this the judge did not agree, as it had been admitted that the cyclist had ridden cautiously on the right side of the road, and a verdict as mentioned above was given.

What is probably the smallest complete bicycle ever made is to be seen in the window of a Glasgow depot. The machine is an exact replica of an ordinary safety, the wheels being but ten inches in circumference and shod with pneumatic tyres. The midget rider and owner is "Calcutta," the living doll, now on exhibition in the "Second City." The miniature machine is need hardly be said, has attracted a great amount of attention, it being probably the smallest bicycle in the world, in actual use.

The extension of light railways in all the principal towns and their outlaying suburbs is attracting the attention of cyclists who naturally feel with alarm the possibilities of what this new system of locomotion may finally lead to. As it is practically all the main thoroughfares leading out of London have trams running and there is no disputing the fact, that however carefully the lines may be laid they prove a source of danger to wheelmen on account of the liability to sideslip. Tramways are a necessity in this go-a-head age, and cyclists who have been so instrumental in the march of progress, do not as a body wish to interfere with their further extension, but there are certain rules and regulations in connection with laying the lines which they wish enforced.

With this object in view the Roads Improvement Association have decided on some proposals which they are urging upon the Board of Trade to adopt and which, if carried into force, will materially minimise the existing dangers. Amongst the propositions is one which states, "That no lines be laid unless the highway is already wide enough for the light railway and the present and prospective traffic, or at any rate provision be made for widening it within a reasonable time." The other propositions have similar objects in view, which are, to put in a nut shell, that light railways must make no inroads on the existing rights and liberties of highway users.

Some unscrupulous cycle makers have been known to extract the air tubes from Dunlop tyres and substitute tubes of very inferior make, thus obtaining greater profits at the expense of the customer. All genuine Dunlop air tubes bear the company's trade mark legibly embossed, and if the cyclist has any doubts as to the genuineness of the article he is buying, he should satisfy himself before making the purchase.

BOMBAY CORPORATION.

THE adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon in the Council Hall of the Municipality, Mr. D. E. Wacha presiding.

HALTH DEPARTMENT BUDGET ESTIMATES.

Mr. K. M. Sayani moved that the budget estimate in respect of expenditure for the year 1902-1903 for the Public Health Department, Section 1. General Supervision be adopted at Rs. 1,11,450.

Dr. Jehanghir J. Cursetji moved an amendment that the salary of the Executive Health Officer be fixed at Rs. 1,600 per mensem, rising to Rs. 2,000 by an annual increment of Rs. 100, and that the budget estimate in respect of expenditure for the Public Health Department, Section 1. General Supervision for the next year be adopted at Rs. 1,12,600. He said that they all know how energetic and able their Health Officer, Dr. Turner, was. Since that officer took charge of his post, he had given great impetus to the efficiency of the Health Department, which was doing its work to the great satisfaction both of the Corporation and the public. The way in which he carried out plague measures was in accord with the wishes of the public, and it was gratifying that in future the whole plague department was to be placed under his control. In appreciation of his services, the Corporation could not do better than to increase his salary to Rs. 2,000.

Mr. S. D. Khote seconded the amendment.

Mr. Vishaldas Damodar in supporting the amendment said that Dr. Turner had by his administrative ability made the Health Department a most popular one. It was in his opinion the best administered of all the Municipal Departments.

Mr. Jehangir B. Patel said that he had nothing to say against the proposed increment in the Health Officer's salary, but he must say that the proposal ought to have come from a different channel.

The amendment was carried.

The following budget estimates in respect of expenditure for the Health Department were then adopted.—Conservancy Branch, Rs. 16,38,820, Markets and Slaughter Houses, Rs. 1,59,196 ; Registration of Births and Deaths, Rs. 44 634 ; Cemeteries Rs. 19,674 ; Laboratory Rs. 1,920 ; Mahaluxmi Dhobiwada Rs. 14,726 ; Infectious Diseases Rs. 55,478 ; Milch Cattle Stables, Rs. 6,474 ; Tank Conservancy Rs. 6,110 ; Rustomji Jamsetji Dharamsala, Rs. 377 and Vaccination contribution to Government Rs. 17,702.

CONSERVANCY CARTS.

The Corporation proceeded with the consideration of the report of their Committee on the efficiency of the conservancy carts. The report has already been published.

Dr. Master moved that the report be approved and adopted and that a copy be forwarded to the Commissioner, with a request to take such steps as proposed by the Health Officer.

Dr. Sukhia drew the attention of the Corporation to the sickness and high mortality of the municipal bullocks, which he said were due to the animals not being properly fed and cared for.

The Hon. Mr. Mehta said that the Commissioner had not expressed any opinion on the report on the proposed transfer of a certain portion of the work of the Drainage Department to the Health Department. He therefore moved a rider to the effect that the matter be referred to the Commissioner for report.

The proposition, together with the rider, was adopted.

THE IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

CORPORATION REPRESENTATIVES.

In the absence of Mr. Hormusji Shapurji Vakil, Dr. Sukhia moved the following proposition of which the former had given notice, "(a) that the Corporation are of opinion that their representatives on the City Trust are in honour bound to resign if they are unable or unwilling to carry out the views or resolutions of the Corporation ; (b) that the President be requested to appoint an early day to enable such representatives to give an account of what they have done in City Trust as the representatives of the Corporation."

The proposition not being seconded, fell to the ground.

LICENSED PLUMBERS.

Dr. Sukhia moved that the report from the commissioner regarding the system of licensing plumbers and surveyors be recorded and the scales of charges submitted with the Executive Engineer's report be printed and circulated amongst the members of the Corporation, and sold to the public at cost price whenever demanded, and that the Commissioner be requested to warn all licensed plumbers to attend in due course the calls of the ratepayers and in default to withhold their licenses. He said at present the plumbers caused great inconvenience to the ratepayers by delaying to respond to the calls of the ratepayers.

Mr. Dhondi in seconding the proposition said that the plumbers had been fleecing the public as much as they could.

The proposition was agreed to.

CYCLE TAX.

The Commissioner had forwarded a quarterly report from the Assessor and Collector, regarding the collection of the cycle tax. The report showed that during the quarter ending 31st December 1,513 bicycles and 11 tricycles were taxed, and the amount of the tax levied was Rs. 3,083-1-0.

Mr. K. N. Wadya moved, that the Commissioner's memorandum be recorded, and a Committee be appointed to suggest in consultation with the Commissioner what amendments in the Municipal Act are necessary for the better collection of the "Cycle Tax." He said that they had tried every measure to get a better collection of the tax, but to no purpose. The only remedy now left in their hands was either to give up the tax or get the Act so amended as to enable them to adopt more effective measures. Their patience had now exhausted. The cost of the department went on increasing without corresponding increase in the revenue.

Mr. J. B. Petit seconded the proposition.

Mr. Kabraji remarked that it was useless to appoint a committee on this subject. They had appointed committees on a previous occasion, but their deliberation had not helped to solve the difficulty.

The proposition was adopted.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday next.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Wide currency has been given in the Indian Press to an extract from a letter written by the Calcutta Port Commissioner's Consulting Engineer on the subject of the Marconi system of telegraphy, and in which the following paragraph appears. "There are two English systems besides Marconi's-Hozier-Brown's, and Muskelyne-Hozier's. I cannot get quotations for any of them. Marconi's is much the most expensive, and I understand the others are equally efficient." As the above remarks are calculated to give an incorrect impression, we are asked by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co. to give publicity to the following facts :—Colonel Hozier, the gentleman whose name is presumably used in connection with the above so-called "systems" of wireless telegraphy, is the Secretary of Lloyd's. That Corporation has recently entered into a contract with the Marconi International Marine Communication Co. Ltd. for a period of 14 years, the terms of the contract being that Lloyd's will use no other system but the Marconi, and will not communicate from their shore stations by wireless telegrapy with ships equipped with any apparatus other than Marconi's. These striking facts are a sufficient indication of the real merits of the alternative systems referred to by the Port Commissioner's Consulting Engineer without entering into any explanation of the relative superiority of the Marconi system.—We are, &c.,

SHAW WALLACE & Co.,

Agents for all India of The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co., Ltd., and The Marconi International Marine Communication Co., Ltd.

HARROW SCHOOL WAR MEMORIAL.

IT has been thought desirable to form a committee in India with the object of securing a representative subscription from Old Harrovians resident in India towards the above Memorial. The following gentlemen have given their names in support of this movement as a commencement :—Major-General Smith Dorrien, C. B., D. S. O. ; Hon. C. S. Bayley, C. S., Indore, Mr. L. Rivett Carnac, High Court, Bombay ; Mr. C. L. W. Jackson, High Court, Bombay ; Mr. J. G. Apcar, Calcutta. Communications are invited from all old Harrovians willing to co-operate. Circulars and full information can be obtained from the Hon. Sec. Subscriptions may be paid into Messrs. King King and Co., Bombay, or Messrs. King Hamilton and Co., Calcutta, or to the undersigned.

R. A. WILLIS, M. A.,
Honorary Secretary, Bombay.

BOMBAY MAHOMEDAN EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

INAUGURATION BY H. E. THE GOVERNOR

INTERESTING DISCUSSION.

AT Chowpatty yesterday afternoon, in a shamiana specially erected, was held the Bombay Presidency Mahomedan Educational Conference. Delegates attended from every part of the presidency, including Ahmedabad, Ahmednagar, Belgaum, Bijapur, Sholapur, Thana, Ajmere, Malegaon, Mangrole, Kerwada, Janjira, Sachin, Radhanpore, Surat and Godhra. The chief of Mangrole presided over the Conference, and besides him on the platform were Sir Charles Ollivant, Sir Jamshedji Jijibhoy, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the Rev. Father Dreckmann, Mr. Quin, I. C. S., the Rev. Canon Lijard and Prince Samantsingji of Palitana, who had accepted special invitations to attend the Conference. There were also present all the leading members of the Mahomedan community.

The proceedings yesterday afternoon were inaugurated by His Excellency Lord Northcote the Governor of Bombay. His Excellency was met at the entrance of the shamiana by a Special Reception Committee. He was accompanied by Captain Wood as A. D. C., Mr. Du Boulay, Private Secretary and a native A. D. C., On proceeding to the platform he was welcomed to the Conference by the President, who, in a few words expressed the honour which the Governor had conferred upon the Conference by his attendance. His personality thought it a great honour, he said, to welcome his Excellency to the Conference and to request him to preside over and inaugurate the proceedings.

THE OBJECTS OF THE CONFERENCE.

Mr. Navabzada Nasrulakhan, the General Secretary, afterwards said :—Your Excellency.—On behalf of the members of the Conference Committee and the Delegates, I beg to offer their sincerest thanks, not to say that I personally feel indebted to your Excellency for the kindness and condescension with which your Excellency has graced the occasion to-day. It is a red letter day in the annals of the Mahomedans of this Presidency that this Conference established but last year should hold its sessions in the second year in the city of Bombay and under such an auspicious patronage as that of your Excellency. I need not trouble your Excellency by giving a long account of the aims and objects of this movement, but I may be permitted to briefly state that the aim this movement has in view is to promote the National education of the Mahomedans, and to formulate some practical scheme to gain this end. It was resolved at the last session of the Conference to divide the Presidency into five parts, and to appoint Secretaries for each division to carry on the work. This has been done. To facilitate the work of the Conference Committee, it was decided to organize Zilla and Taluka Committees. Within the last twelve months three Zilla Committees have been established, namely in Surat, Kheda, and the State of Cambay. Preparations are being made to establish such committees in other districts also, and this work would have been accomplished by this time, had it not been for the fact that the scourges of famine and plague were an interruption in carrying out this work. In Surat, the Zilla Committee, which is called the "Mahomedan Union" was organized through the joint efforts of Syed Zain Saheb El, Edroos, a Vice President of the Conference Committee and Khan Saheb Moulvis Abdulkadar Bakza, the energetic secretary.

Another Zilla Committee is organised at Khaira, and the credit of bringing it into existence is due to Khan Saheb Nangiani. The state of the Mahomedans of that district is deplorable, and they have now determined to improve their condition. A third Zilla Committee is established in the State of Cambay, and it has the support of the Chief of that Principality. In the district of Nassick, a Zilla Committee is about to be formed, and for this we are thankful to Khan Bahadur Kazi M. Ghassalin. In the district of Malegaon, arrangements have been made to organize a Zilla Committee next month.

Our friends who are working in Sindh have informed me that after a couple of years they will be able to join this Conference, and having regard to the present circumstances I fully endorse their opinion in this behalf.

HELP FROM GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

We respectfully acknowledge the help given to us, and the Mahomedan public by the Hon. Mr. Giles, Director of Public Instructions. He was the first President of the Conference and came down all the way from Bombay to Surat to give the benefit of his vast experience and profound learning to the organizers of the Conference. It is with feelings of sincere and everlasting gratitude we acknowledge the kind help extended, and deep interest taken, in our welfare by the Honourable Sir Charles Ollivant. He is long connected with the Mahomedans of the old Mahomedan families in the Moffusil, throughout this Presidency. We have known him as an Assistant Collector as the Agent to the Governor at Surat and now we know him as a Member of His Excellency's Council. All along his distinguished career he has retained his good will towards us and the help he has given us in the cause of our National Education lays us still deeper under an obligation to him.

This year the Chief of Mangrol is elected by universal consent of the members of the Committee to preside over their deliberations at the Conference. It is a matter of no small importance that an old student of the Rajkumar College at Rajkote should occupy the Presidential chair at this assembly.

We are confident that the chief, endowed as he is, with ability and learning, is an acquisition to the promoters of this movement, and we sincerely wish that he will continue his support with unmitigated zeal and undiminished interest.

In every period of life the acquisition of knowledge is one of the most pleasing and valuable occupations of the human mind. In youth there are circumstances which make the acquisition of knowledge, one of the most pleasing and valuable occupations of the human mind. In youth there are circumstances which make the acquisition of knowledge, productive of higher pleasure. It is then that everything has the charm of novelty, that curiosity and fancy are awake and that the heart smiles with the anticipations of future eminence and utility. It is the means of raising the most obscure to esteem, and it opens to the seekers after it, some of the most useful and respected situations in society, and it places them there with the consoling reflection that it is due to their own arduous labour and great assiduity in the providence of God, that they are alone beholden to them. The first end to which all wisdom or knowledge ought to be employed is to elucidate and glorify the wisdom or goodness of the Bountiful providence. The second great end to which all knowledge ought to be devoted is to the welfare of humanity. The third great end of all knowledge is the improvement and exaltation of our own mind. To excel in the higher attainments of knowledge, to acquire eminence in those greater pursuits which command the attention and exhaust the abilities of the wise, is perhaps of all the distinctions of human understanding the most honourable and everlasting.

CO-OPERATION.

In order to achie

effect. Happily there is every indication that such is the intention of the promoters of the movement and I am glad to learn from your report that Conference Committees are to be formed in every zilla and taluka of Bombay; that scholarships are being founded for the education of poor Mahommedan students in the Northern Division of the Presidency; and that a considerable amount has already been collected in support of the undertaking. (Applause.) To that sum you ask me to contribute one rupees. (Laughter and applause.) I feel somewhat in Lord Clive's historic frame of mind—only instead of standing astonished at my own moderation I feel somewhat surprised at the modesty of your appeal. (Renewed laughter.) Needless to say I respond to it gladly—I ask your acceptance of an old Mahomedan coin and sincerely hope your collection will prove a complete success. You know how Viceroy upon Viceroy, and Governor after Governor are bombarded with appeals from Mussulman representative bodies for the allotment of an increased share of Government appointments amongst their co-religionists, and how we are always obliged to meet those bodies with the stereotyped reply—that we would gladly see a number of Mahomedans commensurate with their percentage of the total population of the Presidency employed in the public service; but that until they are better able to hold their own educationally with other races proportionate equality in this respect cannot be accorded to them. Most truly shall I rejoice if the result of these Conferences be to furnish a variation agreeable to your community of the type of speech to which I have just referred. You were reminded last year at Surat that in the early days of mahomedanism the advancement of learning was one of the principal objects of the founders of your creed, and that a school was the indispensable concomitant to every newly-erected mosque—would that we could now see a revival of that keen interest in education. There is an old saying, Mussulman I believe in its origin, that "the objection of one who is learned is better than the consent of a thousand who are ignorant." That is so—but what true friends of the people wish to see is sound education so widely diffused as would preclude the possibility of there being a thousand men so ill-instructed that any one's own opinion could outweigh theirs. (Applause.) If I may quote an author less generally read than he deserves to be—and I was, I think, when I was young, I would remind you of Plutarch's words on the training of children, where he says; "The very spring and root of honesty and virtue lie in the felicity of lighting on a good education. I have indicated quite recently that Government believe that a brighter educational outlook is within very measurable distance of this Presidency. India possesses a Viceroy who has proclaimed himself, justly proclaimed himself, an ardent educationalist and he is fully alive to the vast importance of the question. His Excellency will not, I am confident, find Governments slow to second his efforts to the best of our ability, and we in our turn confidently appeal to such bodies as this Conference to aid us in the task of improving the intellectual condition of our people. (Loud cheers.)

SIR CHARLES OLLIVANT.

The Hon. Sir Charles Ollivant, in addressing the assembly, said that on an occasion when his Excellency the Governor, who was the patron, was present, it would ordinarily be more appropriate as it would be more agreeable to him to offer no remarks, but that occasion was a very exceptional one, and he would say a few words for two reasons. In the first place, he wanted particularly to congratulate them all on having H. E. the Governor as their patron—(cheers)—because they could not find a more generous, considerate or influential one—(cheers)—and secondly he wanted to say a few words, because he would not like to leave the country without expressing his good-will to them and his interest in that movement. His earliest days in India he had spent in Gujarat and then in Sind, where he had the opportunity of forming acquaintance with many Mussalmans of leading position and of ancient families, and it was on account of the friendship which he then formed perhaps, that he had been paid the honour of being appointed Vice-patron of that movement. He was not an educational expert, and he could not therefore pretend to give them any advice, but he ventured to say, that they would be ill-advised if they scattered such money as they might collect on various new institutions, neglecting to take advantage of the educational institutions already provided for them in connection with existing institutions in suitable central localities. If they could provide hostels where their students could go, and where they could receive religious education in addition to the secular education provided in Government schools, he thought they would do well. He also wished to say that looking back over his more than thirty years spent in India, he was immensely struck with the vast social progress that had taken place, and the great advance in the standard of comfort and he ventured to predict that in the next thirty years there, would be no less marvellous change and a much more important change. He felt absolutely convinced, and he wanted to bring the conviction home to them as impressively as he could, that during the next thirty years there would be a great advance in the development of the resources and natural products and industries of this country. He mentioned that particularly because he hoped that the education which that Conference would promote would be a very practical education, so that young Mahomedans would not fail to take their part in the great development which he was sure was coming.

A BIT OF ADVICE.

And next, he said he had been welcomed as a friend, and he would try to prove the friend of them all even though a candid friend. He was not the kind of man to speak sweet words when he thought that sweet words were not necessary, and he told them plainly that on that occasion his words could not be wholly sweet. When he arrived at that very well arranged assembly hall, he was struck with the number of empty seats, and he said to the gentlemen who met His Excellency and himself, "This gathering surely does not represent the whole Mahomedan community." He was told: "No, it does not many Mahomedans will be flocking in presently." Now was it always to be thus? Where Mahomedans always to be late in the race of life? All the time he had been acquainted with Mahomedans he had never known them wanting in courtesy and he was sure that they would not desire to be wanting in courtesy to his Excellency the Governor. The Conference was widely advertised and surely people who attended it ought to have been able to have come in time. They knew that he was the last person in the world to say anything willingly unkindly, but they knew well also that he had their interests at heart. And now he had spoken on the assumption that all those around him could understand English. But he believed there were those below who could not, and therefore with his Excellency's permission he would say a few words in a language that all could understand.

Sir Charles then addressed the assembly in Urdu. In a few well chosen sentences he urged his audience to be unanimous in their present undertaking, and thanked them for the welcome they had accorded to him.

Sir Charles afterwards proposed a vote of thanks to his Excellency the Governor for his attendance. This having been enthusiastically carried, Sir Charles presented to his Excellency the badge of the Society.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mirza Ali Mahomedkhan, seconded by Moulvi Abdul Kader and supported by Mouvi Ahmed Khubtar, proposed—That every Anjuman and influential body amongst the Mahomedans should spare no pains to encourage education amongst all the classes of the community, as the prosperity of the nation depends on the educated classes.

The resolution was carried.

Khan Bahadur Syed Abubaker Eirus, seconded by Mir Hasumia Jagirdar and supported by Nawab Saderudin Khan and Moulvi Najumdin, proposed—That the members of this Conference consider it their duty to enjoin upon their Mahomedan brethren to neglect no means to encourage and compel their children to receive secondary and higher education in every way possible.

The resolution was carried.

Navabzada Nasrulakhan, seconded by Mahomed Makba and supported by Moulvi Basiruddinkhan, proposed—That in order to establish an institutions for imparting Higher and Secondary Education in English, Persian and Arabic, the Rupee Scheme, which was sanctioned at the last session of the Conference at Surat, should be put into execution and supported by every Mahomedan.

This resolution was also carried and the conference then adjourned until to-day.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 14th March, 1902.

1. The Corps will parade at the Corps Club, Apollo Bunder, to-morrow (Saturday) at 3-45 p.m. sharp, to proceed to Colaba North Fort to continue Inter-Corps Competition.

Dress:—Drill order without arms, putties not to be worn.

2. The following matches of the B V A Carbine Association will be shot for on the 16th and 17th instantant:—

Match V—200 and 500 yards.
Match VI—200 and 500 yards.
Match VII—"Disappearing Target" Range 200 yards.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Captain, R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

TRANSLATION of standard English books into Bengali by competent Bengali authors is a feature of recent literary activity in the Lower Provinces. Twenty-eight plays of Shakespears have been rendered into excellent Bengali prose by a veteran Bengali writer and published in four volumes, with numerous illustrations. Another translation just brought out is that of "Gulliver's Travels," illustrated with seventy amusing original pictures.

THE ARUNGABAD SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Starling, presiding on the Original Side of the High Court, yesterday, resumed the hearing of the petitions that had been presented for the winding up of the company. Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga, and Girdharlal, appeared for Doraswami Iyer in support of the winding up order. Mr. Lowndes, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Co., appeared for the debenture holders. Mr. Bahadurji for Messrs. J. N. Tata and R. J. Tata, supported the application. The granting of the order was opposed by Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Malvi, Hiralal, and Mody, for Ramchand Ramnath. Mr. Akilandaiya, one of the shareholders appeared in person, and also opposed the application. The Hon. Mr. Scott appeared for the majority of the directors and supported the granting of a winding up order.

Mr. Inverarity in support of his application read the petition of Doraswami Iyer and a number of affidavits which showed that out of the 618 shares of Rs. 1,000 that had been issued, only five had been paid for in cash and six hundred of them were issued as founders' shares. Counsel pointed out that Akilandaiya had drawn large amounts from the company under circumstances that were not above suspicion. At the time the company was registered it owed six lakhs of rupees. To cover, that debentures to that amount were issued which the company were not now in a position to pay off. They were also unable to pay their other debts. Mr. Inverarity said if the concern was wound up Akilandaiya would have to pay up three lakhs on the shares that had been allotted to him. His client Doraswami was also liable to pay the same amount, but was willing to do so, and then the company would be able to pay off all the debenture holders. Mr. Inverarity also pointed out that Akilandaiya had refused to allow the offices of the company to be removed, and had given considerable trouble to the directors by refusing to allow them to have possession of the books. Counsel added that Akilandaiya had misappropriated large sums and wished to get possession of the concern. The petitioner believed that a large number of Mr. Raikes's clients were not creditors of the company at all. Under the circumstances it was not surprising that Akilandaiya came to the court to oppose the winding up, and had been supported by his nominees represented by Mr. Raikes.

His lordship said that it seemed to him that the company was a "bogus" one, as there was no capital.

Mr. Inverarity said it was at first a private concern belonging to Akilandaiya and Doraswami. When it was turned into a joint-stock company, Mr. Tata was the only member of the general public who paid for his shares. Mr. Khatau Moolraj who held 200 shares had thrown in his interest with Akilandaiya, giving the latter an advantage over the petitioner.

Mr. Lowndes, for the second petitioners, the debenture holders, supported the granting of the winding up order, as the company had been unable to pay off the same. The debenture holders, he pointed out, were the largest body of creditors.

The Hon. Mr. Scott, for a majority of the directors, also supported the granting of the order, as his clients felt that the company could not carry on its business under present conditions.

Mr. Bahadurji also said the business of the company had reached such a stage that it could not be carried on.

Mr. Raikes submitted in opposition, that the company had been in the habit of paying a dividend of 15 per cent after paying off the interest on debentures since it was started. He said it was a concern that could still be worked successfully and that there was no necessity to wind it up. There was no difficulty in paying off the debenture holders if the directors cared to do so.

Mr. Justice Starling said it seemed the company could not make such payments without borrowing money at rates, which the directors considered too high.

Mr. Raikes said the rates were not too high, but the directors wanted to break up the company.

Mr. Justice Starling said if the directors were acting contrary to the wishes of the shareholders, the latter should turn the directors out.

Mr. Raikes said they could not get a majority to support such a proposition, as the number of shareholders was so small.

Mr. Justice Starling said it appeared they had got directors whom the shareholders could not turn out, and directors who would not borrow money at rates which they considered too exorbitant and secondly that they had a company which could not pay off the debenture holders. He submitted no such order as applied for should be granted adding that the company was quite solvent. In fact, the business was one of those profitable ones that had attracted the attention of Mr. Tata, who wished to buy the concern and to do so, was running it into liquidation. He pointed out that the only creditors who wanted the winding up were the debenture holders, and that there was nothing to show that their capital was not secure.

Mr. Akilandaiya at this stage, informed the court that eighteen and not five shares had been paid for.

Mr. Raikes continuing said there was a majority of the creditors and debenture holders against the winding up.

Mr. Lowndes here read an affidavit to refute the statement that a man named Gungajee Nursoojee had offered to lend the company six lakhs to pay off the debenture holders.

Mr. Raikes said there was no suggestion that the debenture holders were not fully secured by the value of the mill building and property.

Mr. Lowndes remarked that the reserve fund had been made away with, and in regard to the mill there was a prior mortgage on it for Rs. 1,60,000.

Mr. Inverarity said that most of the creditors represented by Mr. Raikes made claims on "hoondies" signed since the date of the winding up petition.

Mr. Raikes said he could not say whether that was so or not without seeing the hoondies, all he could argue was that his client's were creditors of the company. As showing the value of the mills and its property he said it had been valued at over twelve lakhs. If the debenture holders were secured, they would gain nothing by forcing on a winding up. In regard to the shares held by Mr. Tata, his clients were quite prepared to purchase them at the same rate he had bought them at, and so save that gentleman from loss. He added that, if time was given and the winding up stayed, his clients would arrange to find the money to pay off the debenture holders in full.

Mr. Justice Starling said the majority of the directors supported the winding up, and enquired how Mr. Raikes, under the circumstances, was going to make arrangements for paying the debenture holders. He pointed out also that it was open to the creditors to pay up the debentures and get a transfer of their security. But in the latter case they would then have to deal with Mr. Tata and the other trustee.

Mr. Raikes said if the six lakhs was offered he did not think the trustees would go so far as to refuse the amount or if the directors would not sanction the money being raised at reasonable rates his clients could apply to the court for powers to make them act in the interest of the shareholders.

Mr. Akilandiaya in addressing the court applied for time to make up the differences which he said existed between himself and his partner Doraswami Iyar and which were at the bottom of the whole matter. Between them they had for six years managed the mill as they liked, but unfortunately last August a difference arose which led to the strained relations. Mr. Doraswami being a friend of that great man Mr. Tata, Mr. Tata, with his great strength and wealth had helped him with the result that he Akilandiaya had gone to the wall. He had submitted himself to Mr. Tata who had promised to do something in the matter, and if Doraswami would only forgive and forget, the whole matter could be arranged. Mr Scott and the other counsel in court all knew of the consultation that had taken place in regard to the purchase of the debentures. Mr. Inverarity, he said, had given him a good slating (laughter) but his partner was entitled to part of it, for if money had been taken, Doraswami had his share of it.

Mr. Inverarity in reply said he strongly opposed an adjournment as it was to the interest of the company that it should be wound up, for to could not borrow money except at enormous interest.

Mr. Lowndes considered there was no use in allowing a postponement as ample time had been given for raising the six lakhs.

Mr. Justice Starling made an order for the winding up of the company, as it was clear on the face of it that it was unable to pay its debts, as was shewn by the facts that the debentures had been overdue since December. It seemed to his lordship that, if the concern was wound up, the rights of all parties would be properly adjusted, for those to whom money was owing would get it, and the company then be able to be retarted free of all debts. He directed that the costs of the company, the petitioners, and of Mr. Badaurji's clients should come out of the estate, and appointed Mr. N. C. Macleod liquidator.

UNDELIVERED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of undelivered letters lying at the General Post Office, Bombay:—

Andre E Mrs	Hara L	Peters Miss
Barnard A L Miss	Hauterives, L D	Pollock H C
Baloti Ram	Hewett Mrs	Pozzi T
Berry C E	Hodges W T	Pulford W H
Blanchfield C Mrs	Huson M H	Reynand A
Bostrup Miss	Ilse F H	Rosen M Miss
Bostrup F C	Kaelin J P	Rose M Mrs
Busch P V	Khuda ax Merwanji Aga	Sanderson B
Campbell E A	Krafenik B	Sataaker L
Clarke R J	Krassnoff L	Schneitzer L Mrs
David F Mrs	Levy K Mrs	Shooker R S Mrs
Davis R P Mrs	Lindeberg C	Silva Lavio
Ekind E	Macbland P C	Sindair M Miss
Farkas I Mrs	Mcjani M	Thomson Mrs
Fenton W H	Montague Mrs	Twarpowski A
Freeman Ida Miss	Montalegre S S	Ulrich W
Geier M Miss	Moosat A Mrs	Unwin A H
Goretti L	Moosat A Mrs	Vazfegar Carlo
Graham G E R	Moses A Miss	Webely L
Halbert Mrs	Cruz F	Weinstrom M

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

OUR Ahmedabad correspondent, writing on March 11, says:—Three cases of plague occurred in the city during the week, of which two proved fatal. One woman who was sent by Dr. Taylor, being attacked with plague is now improving. Two fresh cases of plague have taken place in the city since then. Both are lying in the plague hospital and are said to be imported from Kaira. In the town of Nadiad, 93 persons were attacked with plague, of which 62 persons died last week. During the week ending Thursday last, the total mortality of the city was 230 against 284 of the previous week. Out of this 207 persons died from fever. Eighty births were recorded during the same week.

Mr. L. J. Robertson, C. S. I., of the Bengal Civil Service, who has been deputed by the Government of India to examine the famine relief works of the district, arrived here last week. Mr. Fardunji Kuverji Taraporewala, the Executive Engineer, accompanied Mr. Robertson and showed him all the works. There are now more than 45,000 persons on the relief works district, and 15,000 persons in the poor houses.

Some important work was done by the Municipality last week, when the following Councillors were present: Rao Bahadur Himatlal Dhirajram (President,) Diwan Bahadur Ambalal Sakerlal Drs. Doshi, Benjamin, Soloman, and Kalianwala; Messrs. Ardesir Karanjawala, Dilsukram and Sargowandas Ramanbhai Mahipatram, Mulchand Asharam, Lowji Wadia and Keshavlal Motilal. A proposition was brought forward by Dr. Joseph Benjamin, who said, that it was necessary to broaden the roads of the "poles," as the over-crowded state in which the people live, caused a higher mortality in the city. He, therefore, moved, that the small lanes of the "poles" of the city should be at least 18 feet wide, and the public roads 30 feet wide. He further said, that in order to buy up the land and houses of private persons, the Municipality might raise a loan of Rs. 25,000 every year, until the sanitation of the town improved. Messrs. Ambala and Ardesir Karanjawala strongly opposed on the ground that the people would be unable to bear the pecuniary burden thus imposed upon them. They advised the Councillors who were in favour of the proposal to wait for some better time. Mr. Wadia put an amendment that the first part of the proposition of Dr. Benjamin be adopted, with the following addition that the Road Line Committee be authorised to raise a loan of four lakhs of rupees in order to improve the roads and streets of the city from time to time. The committee should also at first mark the roads to be widened. The amendment being supported by Dr. Kalianwala, the following voted in favour: Drs. Soloman, Benjamin, Doshi and Kaltanwala; Messrs. Keshavlal, Mulchand and Wadia. The amendment was passed by a majority of 7 to 4. The meeting adjourned till the 17th instant.

Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai Kirparam, Settlement Officer, Gujarat, Rao Bahadur Lalshanker Umiashanker, Judge of the Small Causes Court and Khan Saheb Kawasji Dosabhai Dawar, Head Accountant, Public Works Department, have all got an extension of one year's service from the Government.

Mr. Kaikhosru Dadabhai Contractor has obtained the triple diploma of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Edinburgh, last month. Mr. Kaikhosru intends to compete for the Indian Medical Service examination this year. He had been a student of the Ahmedabad High School and passed the Entrance Examination of the Allahabad University. He also holds a diploma from the Medical College of Allahabad.

The Hon. Mr. Raleigh and Mr. Hewett, the President and member of the Universities Commission, arrived here on Sunday last, and examined the Gujerat College and the library attached to it. Mr. Jamsetji Edulji Daruwala, the principal and the professors, were present to receive the members at the College. The members left for Bombay the same evening by the mail train.

REVENUE CASE.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. T. J. Strangman, Revenue Judge, gave his judgment in the suit filed by Motibai, widow of the late Cursetji Nowroji Wadia, against the Collector of Bombay. The plaintiff claimed that she had a right in limitation of the right of the Government to hold a certain piece of land at Parel, measuring 7,270 square yards as part of pension and tax land, the rent of which at the present rate of assessment was one pie per square yard per year, and the Collector of Bombay had no right to increase it. Mr. Sanders Slater had, previously, heard the case and decided on the 17th April 1901, that the plaintiff could hold the land in question at the present rate of assessment, and the enhancement of which was invalid. The defendant then made an appeal to the High Court, and the Hon. the Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar referred the case back to the lower Court as they found Mr. Slater had not given his findings on certain issues. The issues for the disposal were whether the land was or had ever been pension and tax land; whether the assessment of the land in 1876 was improperly and erroneously made; whether the plaintiff had in 1876, a right in limitation of the right of Government to hold the land at a fixed and uniform rate of assessment applicable to it as pension and tax land; and whether the suit was maintainable, and so forth. Mr. R. Carnac, barrister-at-law, appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Kirkpatrick, barrister-at-law, for the defendant.

On the case being heard before Mr. Strangman, two more issues were raised, namely, whether the notice for enhancing the assessment was not invalid and inoperative, not having been issued under the orders or with the sanction of Government; and whether if such a notice were valid the enhancement was not unreasonable and excessive, and ought not to be set aside or reduced by the court. These two new issues were decided in favour of the defendant. His Honour said that subsequent to the issue of the notice, Government had given a sanction, and the Collector was empowered by law to use his discretion in fixing the amount of the assessment. As regards the other issues, his Honour held that the defendant had no right to enhance the assessment, whereas the plaintiff was entitled to hold the land at the present rate of assessment. The court passed a decree in favour of the plaintiff with costs.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION AT JUNAGADH.

AT Junagadh, on Monday, H. E. Vizir Saheb Madarul Maharn Sheikh Mahomed Baharuddin Bhoy, C. I. E., distributed the prizes to the successful students of the Mahabat Madressa. Among those present were Messrs. Chunilal Sarabhai Divan Saheb, Purushottamrai S. Jhala Nayab Divan Saheb, and others. The report was presented by the Headmaster Mr. M. I. Kadri, B.A., L.L.B. It stated that in spite of the famine, which had had the effect of reducing the number of students in many institutions, the numbers at Junagadh steadily continued to increase. There were 420 students on the Madressa rolls, last year, against 339 in the previous year. The results of instruction were highly satisfactory; as at the annual examination held in October last, by the Educational Officer of the State, 265 students passed out of 294 presented, giving a percentage of 90·1.

The students, subsequently, went through a programme of recitations which comprised English, Gujarati, Persian and Hindoost an poems. H. E. the Vizir Saheb then distributed the prizes, and in doing so expressed his satisfaction at the work of the Madressa during the past year, and encouraged the teachers and students to persevere in their good work. The Head-master having thanked the Vizir Saheb on behalf of himself and his staff for his encouraging words, the meeting dispersed.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	11	5	7
A Mandvi, Chakala, Umarkhadi and Dongri	15	13	30
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Kamaswady Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Khumbarwada	9	17	43
D Nowsawady, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalakshmi	18	15	21
E Mazagon, Parwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tarjoo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	49	27	60
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	11	4	15
G Mahim and Worli	24	15	24
Water Division	0	0	1
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	1
Hospitals	0	19	32
Total	135	115	233
Total plague deaths to date	103,049	93,197	
Same date last year	177	171	373

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Falmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

AN EPISODE OF TWO ASSES.

MR. A. LUCAS, Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar, in December last, convicted Balvantwalad Ballajee of voluntarily causing hurt and sentenced him to one year's rigorous imprisonment, and a fine of Rs. 200, or in default three months' further imprisonment. An appeal from the above decision was heard at the High Court on Thursday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Candey and the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton. Mr. Setalvad, with Mr. C. A. Rele, appeared for the accused, and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The accused had been committed for trial on a charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder. Mr. Lucas said this was one of the most difficult and perplexing cases he has ever had to deal with, because on the one hand, the complainant and his witnesses had done their best to spoil it by lying and exaggeration, and on the other hand, the accused and his friends had made the most determined effort to square the police and other prosecution witnesses. The story told by Shetti, the husband of the deceased Baki, and other witnesses, all of whom belonged to a wandering tribe of Wadaris, or earth-workers, was that on the 26th September last, about noon, Shetti and the deceased and others were travelling along the road when two asses belonging to them, strayed into a bajri field and began eating the bajri stalks. The accused came out of a patch of sugarcane and tried to take away from deceased a spade she had over her shoulder, apparently as compensation for the destruction of the bajri crop caused by the asses. A struggle ensued and accused took off one of his shoes and struck deceased with it on the forehead. He then succeeded in wresting the spade from her, and struck her a blow with it on the right temple. She then fell to the ground unconscious, whereupon the accused said she was shamming, and kicked her twice, once on the chest and once on the side. The deceased was found to be quite dead. Accused and the corpse were conducted to the village, where the accused went into his house, while the Wadaris deposited the corpse on the ground in front of his door until the arrival of the police. Subsequently on examination of the body the hospital assistant found that the wound on the right temple might have been caused by blows with a stick, or by the handle of the spade, or by her head coming into contact with some hard substance, such as a stone when she fell to the ground. The woman's spleen was ruptured, and this rupture must, under any circumstances, have proved fatal. The spleen was abnormally enlarged, more than twice the average weight. Mr. Lucas thought there could be no reasonable doubt that the accused did strike the deceased with his shoe on her forehead to induce her to give up her spade. This episode of the shoe did not appear to Mr. Lucas to have been invented, because when the Wadaris afterwards saw the accused at the chowdi, they all stated that the shoes he then wore were much smaller than those he wore at the time of the offence. Mr. Lucas considered that accused must have struck the deceased on the head with the handle of the spade, and that she must have ruptured her spleen as she fell to the ground, and that this was the immediate cause of her death. Mr. Lucas convicted the accused of voluntarily causing hurt and sentenced him as mentioned above.

Their lordships saw no reason to interfere and dismissed the appeal.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, March 13.)

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following Notification by the Govt of India in the Foreign Dept is republished for general information:—"Fort William, the 6th March 1902, No. 365 The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise of the appointment of Mr Herrn Uehlinger as Acting Consul for Sweden and Norway at Bombay during the absence of Mr W F Bickel."

Capt H F Jacob, Third Asst Political Agent, Kathiawar, has been granted by H M's secry of State for India an extension for three months on medical certificate of the full length for one year granted to him by the Govt of India in Foreign Dept Notification No 10 3 G, dated the 13th June 1901.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Honble Mr A Cumine, I C S, to be Commissioner in Sind vice Mr R Giles, M A (Cantab), C I E, retiring.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr A Lucas, I C S, Dist Judge, Ahmednagar, is granted privilege leave for two months and seventeen days from the 7th March to be followed by furlough on medical certificate for nine months and eleven days.

Under Sec 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to empower the Magistrates of the first class in the district of Kanara to try in a summary way all the offences referred to in Sec 260 of the same Code:—Mr E G L Laird-MacGregor, I C S, Asst Collector, and Rao Bahadur K B Mogto, Dist Depy Collector.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H S Lawrence, I C S, to act as Director of Land Records and Agriculture, Inspr Genl of Registration and Registrar Genera of Births, Deaths and Marriages for the territories under the Govt of Bombay, pending further orders.

Mr R Oliver, Depy Supt, Preventive Service, Customs Dept, Bombay, is granted privilege leave of absence for twenty-seven days in commutation wit leave on medical certificate for five months and three days.

Rao Bahadur Raghavendra Pandurang Bengiri, Dist Depy Collector, Kolaba, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Krishnaji Ballal Bakle to act as sixth grade Depy Collector and to officiate as Dist Depy Collector, Kolaba, during the absence on leave of Rao Bahadur Raghvendra Pandurang Bengiri on pending further orders.

Mr Balak Ram, I C S, Asst Collector, Nasik, is granted privilege leave of absence for one month.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr W Plunkett to be Dist Depy Collector, Panch Mahals; and Khan Bahadur Sorab Manekshaw Bharucha to be Dist Depy Collector, Satara.

Rao Bahadur Narayan Krishna Pendse, Dist Depy Collector, Ahmednagar, is granted privilege leave of absence for three months.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Sitaram Ganesh Patankar to act as Dist Depy Collector, Ahmednagar, during the absence of Rao Bahadur Narayan Krishna Pendse on leave or pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr R M Coneay, I C S, to be Commissioner vice the Honble Mr A Cumine, I C S; and Mr A D Younghusband, I C S, on return to duty, to act a Commissioner, Central Divn, vice the Honble Mr H A Cumine, I C S, pending further orders.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

With reference to Sec 35 of the Indian Ports Act 1889, H E the Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Mr. Edmund Grant Clay to pilot vessels in the Port of Bombay

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT

The Revd P H Preston is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Ghorpuri, Poona.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT

Bombay Light Horse—Surgeon Capt Samuel Arthur Powell, Surmal Valley Light Horse, late Capt and Medical Officer Lumsden's Horse, is transfered as Medical Officer to the Bombay Light Horse

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Mr P N Natesayer, L C E, Asst Engr, 2nd Grade, passed on 3rd March 1902, in examination in Marathi according to the Departmental Standard prescribed in G R No 379-E —1418, dated 30th Septr 1891

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to grant an extension of service up to 31st March 1903 to Mr S A F Rodrigues, Sub Engr and Hony Asst Engr, 2nd Grade, provided he continues to be thoroughly efficient and able to perform his duties

Mr A X Moraes, L C E, Ass Engr, 3rd Grade, is transferred from the Southern to the Northern Divn

Mr R J Kent, Ex Engr, 3rd Grade, temporarily is transferred to the Karachi Canals Dist and should relieve Mr K Pinhey, proceeding on leave, vice Govnt Notification No E 2480, dated 4th Dec 1901

Mr J B Chapman, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, and acting Ex Engr, Larkhana and Sukkur Buildings Dist, is appointed to act as Ex Engr, Western Nara Dist, vice Mr Kent, transferred

Mr L M Bate, Ex Engr, 3rd grade is appointed Ex Engr, Surat and Broach Dist He should relieve Mr Ali Akbar. Assoc M Inst C E proceeding on leave sanctioned in Govnt Notification No E 3, dated 3 Jany 1902, on such date in April as the Chief Engr, Northern Division, may fix

Mr G McD Harrison, ex Engr, 1st grade is granted furlough under Article 240 of the Civil Service Regulations for one year from 1st April 1902 or the subsequent date on which he is relieved

BOMBAY RACES.

TWELTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY MARCH 15.

HANDICAPS.

The Maidan Plate—7 Furlongs—Mahkoom 9 7, Gallant 9 4, Sandow 9 0, Roman 8 0, White Oats 7 12, Tamerlane 7 8, Grattor 7 7, Naranjee 7 3 and Zoorat 6 12. Two Top Weights not Accepting Weights to be Raised 7 lbs

The Santa Cruz Plate—5 Furlongs—Achilles 9 6, Paleface 9 0, Chancellor 8 13, Hakum 8 13, Shaiboob 8 9, Governor 8 7, Special 81, Panais II 8 3, Rose 8 0, Terah 8 0, Tamerlane 7 13, Panola 7 3, and Winchester 7 0.

The Little Pony Plate—Half Mile—Bandicoot 9 12, Rebecca 9 3, Ethel II 8 4, Cadet 7 10, Black Swan 7 9, May 7 7, and Sunflower 7 2, Top Weight not Accepting Weights to be Raised 6 lbs

The Nursery Handicap—5 Furlongs—Tigris 9 4, Rose 9 0, For Ever 8 5, Hermost 8 12, Active 8 9, Reputation 8 8, Zoorat 8 7, King Edward 8 6, Hindoostan 8 4, Cromer 8 2, Dharwar 7 12, Young Marabaa 7 9 Jan Timur 7 8, Huddal 7 8 Behman 7 7, Cæsar 7 7, Silver Cup 7 6, and Young Tasseer 7 3

ADDITIONAL RACE.

The Stand Stakes—Distance 5 Furlongs.—
Messrs Anderson and Co's aug g Response aged
Mr Thomas, b aug g Bayonet 9 years
Mr Gordon Hunter's b aug g Tiger's Luck 5 years
Mr Gordon Hunter's aug g Kettledrum aged
H H Aga Khan and Aga S Shan's br aug g Firecracker 5 years
H H Aga Khan's br g Ayrdale
Mr T G Naplesh aug g Fitzeros 6 years
Mr R G Baldock's br aug g Dumbell aged

HANDICAP.

Fitzeros 9 10, Firecracker 9 8, Dumbell 9 7, Ayrdale 9 6, Bayonet 9 0, Kettledrum 8 5, Hare's Luck 7 5, and Response 6 12

Second Entry closes at 10 a.m., Thursday, March 13

Cecil Gray,
Secretary, W T C

PUBLIC GARDENS IN CAWNPORE.

WRITING on this subject a correspondent of the "Pioneer" says:—As regards the Memorial Gardens, fortunately the sense of the native feeling is quite in sympathy with the restrictions placed by the authorities against the promiscuous admission into ground that has been consecrated, and is, moreover, a cemetery. Any respectable native who wishes to see the place, can always obtain admission, if he applies for permission, and native servants in charge of children may be seen there every day. The native mind, as is well known, has a peculiar reverence for tombs, which is somewhat curious when it is remembered that the larger number of them are not buried at all, but cremated. The most beautiful tomb in the world (the Taj Mahal at Agara) was erected by an Indian Emperor, and of all the show buildings of the past left in India, the finest beyond comparison, are tombs. With this marked veneration for the remains of the dead, it may readily be believed that the last thing to enter into the mind of a native resident of Cawnpore as a grievance would be his exclusion from the Memorial Gardens. But we have a great deal yet to learn, about the native character, and there is no one so ready as the English globe-trotter to instruct us. Mr. Smedley, the temperance lecturer, was only following in the footsteps of "Paget, M. P." immortalised by Rudyard Kipling long ago, and we see that the type is not yet extinct. It is, however, a little old-fashioned, for undoubtedly, since the days that Rudyard Kipling has become a world-wide celebrity, his satire has done much to kill by ridicule ignorant criticism of Indian ways on the part of persons who have only been a few weeks in this country. Still, every now and then, (as in the present instance), we find visitors posing as interpreters of native thought and feeling, and assuming that Government officials, who are brought in daily contact with natives ignore those feelings habitually.

Quite recently, for I belive the first time in the history of the gardens, an expert has been put in charge of them. Mr. Gill, the new Superintendent of the Memorial Gardens, received his training at Kew, and he comes in good time to assist the authorities in arranging the landscape gardening that will be necessary before the statue of Queen Victoria coming out from England can be effectively placed. The actual site has not been definitely chosen, but it is understood that it must be somewhere in the centre of what is known as the People's or Jubilee Park. If so, it is certain that there must be a great deal of alteration to the existing avenues, and probably there will have to be planted a number of fresh avenues, all leading to a central point, where will stand the statue seen through a vista of foliage from a long way off. Unless the statue can be viewed from afar, it is not likely to be seen to advantage. And there is no thoroughfare or street in the station where it could be put without making both statue and thoroughfare look ridiculous. The careful consideration as to the environment of a statue is no small essential to its being a real ornament to the spot.

BRUTALITIES COMMITTED BY DACOITS.

MR. J. J. HEATON, Session Judge of Nasik, in January last, convicted Hari Rama of the offence of dacoity, and sentenced him to transportation for life. The accused appealed from the above decision to the High Court; and the appeal was heard on Thursday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy and the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton.

It appeared that in July, August, and September last, a series of dacoities took place in the Dindori taluka. It was believed that all these dacoities took place under the leadership of one Appaya, said to have been a follower for lieutenant of the dacoit Chemnaya, who was notorious in the Nasik district two or three years ago. The dacoity in the present case occurred in the village of Jamb on the night of the 8th September last. The chief occupant of the house entered by the dacoits, Maniram, a Marwaree, his son and nephew, and two of the dacoits deposed to the facts of the dacoity. There was no doubt, Mr. Heaton said

M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

THERE is every probability of Barry, in "The Country Girl," becoming as popular as Mr. Li in "San Toy" or the Japanese Wun Hi in "The Geisha" Both the latter parts Mr. Huntley Wright played for two years. A feature in Barry's career is his disguise as a girl; this is not the first time Mr. Wright has appeared on the stage in petticoats for when Victor Stevens brought out a burlesque of a pantomime, some years ago, he made a most telling Principal Girl. The general idea that Mr. George Edwardes "discovered" Huntley Wright is entirely wrong; long before he warbled a song or tripped through a dance on the stage at Daly's, he had made a hit in melodrama at the Princess's, played many parts, even heavy villains, on tour, and was himself the author of a very successful musical play, "Dashing Prince Hal," which is again going "on the road" this spring.

Off the stage Mr. Huntley Wright does not give one the impression of the incisive, original humourist his audiences know him so well to be, except, perhaps, that such twinkling eyes could not possibly belong to any fellow without the keenest sense of fun. He has called himself "a procrastinating, put-it-off-till-to-morrow-and-don't-do-it sort of humbug," and he says, "I ought never to have been an actor, but a tramp followed round by a commissariat waggon." If he can only get some shooting, Mr. Huntley Wright is quite happy to spend his time far from the busy theatre, but there never was a man more ready to come forward at benefits or charity matinees. Considering Mr. Huntley Wright's "creation" of his parts the following story is worth repeating. There are five or six provincial companies playing the piece from Daly's, and he met an American actor who had been fortunate enough to get an engagement to appear in his familiar parts in the smaller towns. The American said that he should like to introduce his wife, and the London actor, of course, said he would be delighted. "Mamie, let me present you to Mr. Huntley Wright," said the American. "I guess you will be interested to meet him, as he is the gentleman who has been playing my parts in London!"

One of Mr. Huntley Wright's friends heard two ladies, on the first night of "The Country Girl," declare that Barry must be married to a certain lady in the cast because they acted so sympathetically together! But people are always marrying him. During "San Toy" he received a letter from a stranger asking whether he was, or was going to be, united to a young actress, whose husband happened to be also playing in the piece—the three of them enjoying the joke together. But it was during a tour in South Africa that Mr. Huntley Wright was greeted by a whole theatre as a happy Benedick—long before he was married. While in Johannesburg, he accompanied one of the ladies to Pretoria to see some mutual friends. They left on Sunday morning stayed with their friends as long as possible, and just got back to the Johannesburg theatre on Monday evening in time to make-up and go on the stage. Directly they appeared the audience cheered and the orchestra struck up the Wedding March. Somebody had jumped to the conclusion that Mr. Wright and his little friend had run over to Pretoria to get quietly married, and a paragraph in a Johannesburg paper had done the rest! As a matter of fact, Mr. Wright was married during the run of "The Geisha" in London. His wife is not upon the stage.

Not counting the time when he made his actual "debut," at ten months' old, as a heroine's baby, Mr Huntley Wright made his first appearance on the stage as a warder of a madhouse. The scene opens with his brutal ill-treatment of the hero—who weighed fourteen stone, while Huntley was under nine—and ended with a gunpowder explosion. In his nervousness the warder dropped his cap, and, being agitated and short-sighted, he picked up the pan of gunpowder instead, which instantly blew up and nearly startled him out of his wits. He rushed from the stage and collapsed, as he thought, on to a stool in the wings, but it was a fire-bucket full of water!

If there be one theatre more than another where it is deeply interesting behind, the scenes, it is the Adelphi just now. The cast of the spirited melodrama is so well chosen and so typically American that directly one passes through the stage door one is in the atmosphere, if not of Arizona, at least of New York. All parts of the States are represented. Miss Mary Hall, the heroine, is from Kansas City, Missouri; Miss Olive May, the little comedienne, was born in Chicago, but has chiefly played in New York. There are three of the company from 'way down in Tennessee. Lastly, the English element is not entirely absent, for Mr. Kilgour (the villain of the piece) is, I believe, a Canadian by birth. The rattling farce, "A Friend in Need," which now precedes Arizona, is written by the stage manager, Mr. Edgar Selwyn, and has already been played with great success in the States.

Mr. George B. McLellan, whose name was associated with Mr. Lederer in bringing out "The Belle of New York," is again to the front in giving us a strictly American show in a London theatre, for it is by arrangement with him that Kirke La Shelle—the organiser of many companies in the States—has produced "Arizona" at the Adelphi. Mr. McLellan, whose brother, under the "nom de guerre" Hugh Morton, wrote the famous "Belle," was manager of the Casino Theatre in New York for five years, in partnership with Mr. Lederer. During their reign over the best house of its kind in the city, there was a characteristic little club started, called The Ten o'clock Club; its members, all pressmen, met at the theatre every night to pick up the latest news, and so, as Mr. McLellan says, they "just slid in" personal paragraphs about himself whether he liked it or not. For Mr. McLellan has no desire to advertise the manager at the expense of his company. He is quiet and agreeable, with a world of energy and "push" under a manner that only suggests a somewhat reserved, good-natured and leisured New Yorker.

The leading lady at the Adelphi, Miss Mary Hall has been on the stage about four years. This is her first visit to London. Born and educated in Missouri the pretty dark-eyed Western girl (she has beautiful eyes) gained the ambition of her short life when Madame Modjeska played in Kansas City, and she became a member of that popular actress's company. Miss Hall is chiefly interested in character parts. Her desire on the stage is to forget her own personality, and make the owner forget it too.

The wife of the old rancher, in Arizona, is capitally played by Miss Eleanor Wilton. A college graduate, and a member of the Professional Women's League in America, Miss Wilton is characteristically energetic and up-to-date. She left the stage some time ago and took to Society journalism, but the foot lights drew her back. She is also a prominent member of the Rainy Day Club in New York. Its expressive name but vaguely indicates its stupendous mission—to banish the custom of wearing long skirts, on rainy days, for ever from the face of the earth!

Mr. Edgar Selwyn, who stage manages, plays the Mexican, and has written the first piece at the Adelphi, is a most amusing young American. Whether he talks about London, the stage, the American President, the Cuban War, or simply the refrigerating qualities of English houses, he is equally entertaining and original. His wife, who is travelling with him, is a well-known "ingenue" on "the other side," Miss Margaret Mayo. Mr. Selwyn is naturally amused to find that the very points in "Arizona" which were most critically received at a chilly, typically unresponsive dress rehearsal, always go down well with the audiences. If he had followed all the advice which he received at that dress rehearsal, he truly says there would have been no play at all left! He was the original Mexican, almost three years ago in the States, and his performance is alone worth spending an evening in the fresh, breezy atmosphere of Arizona.

How time flies! It seems only yesterday that little Cissie Loftus was fetched in from the garden to be interviewed by me in the drawing-room of her home at Herne Hill; that she bounced into the room in a simple white frock, which might have been whiter if its wearer had not just then come fresh from gardening in a sluggy and a soggy soil, and stood before me, like a school girl saying her lessons to undergo the torture of her first interview! And now Miss Cecilia Loftus is to be Sir Henry Irving's Margaret and Olivia when our greatest actor revives "Faust and Olivia" at the Lyceum. Miss Cecilia Loftus! How strange it sounds:

'Twas Cissie this, and Cissie that, I mind but yesterday;
But it's Miss Cecilia Loftus now with Irving she's to play!"

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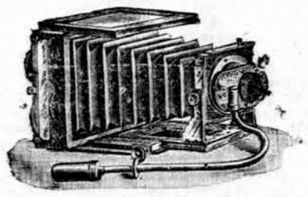

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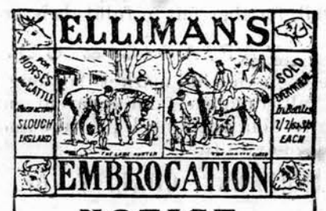

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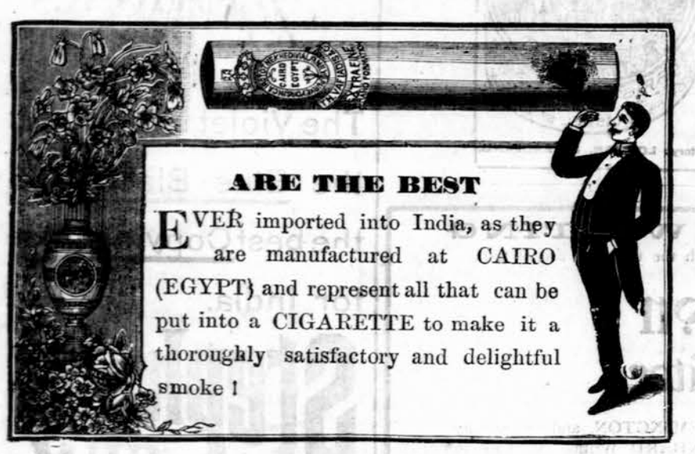

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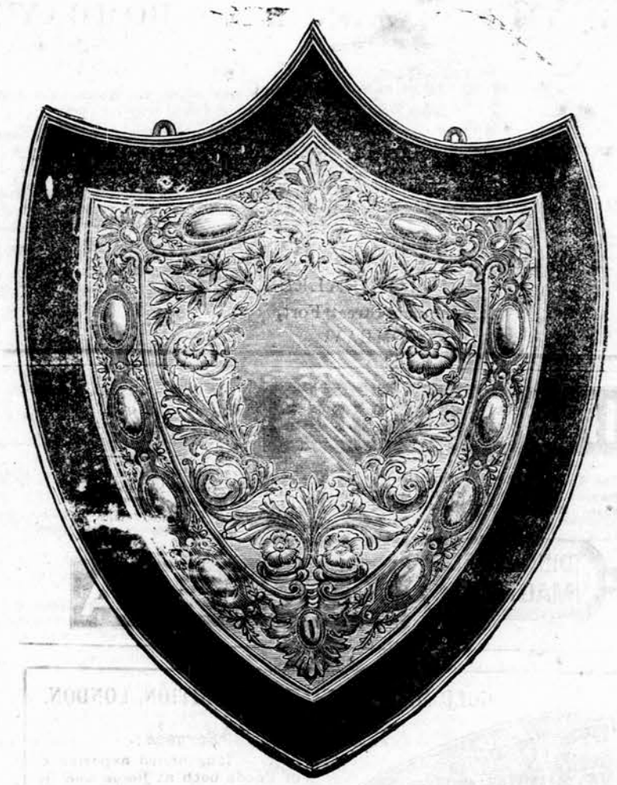

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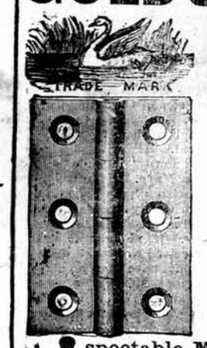

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